

AgriBank 

**BOLDLY
GO**

2015 DISTRICT
QUARTERLY REPORT
MARCH 31, 2015

AgriBank, FCB and affiliated Associations

Copies of Quarterly and Annual Reports are available upon request by contacting AgriBank, FCB, 30 E. 7th Street, Suite 1600, St. Paul, MN 55101 or by calling (651) 282-8800. Reports are also available at www.agribank.com.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

AgriBank, FCB and affiliated Associations

The following discussion is a review of the combined financial position and results of operations of AgriBank, FCB (AgriBank) and affiliated Associations which are part of the Farm Credit System (the System). This information should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Combined Financial Statements, the notes to the Combined Financial Statements and the 2014 Annual Report.

AgriBank and its affiliated Associations are collectively referred to as the District. The District serves customers in states across America's heartland. AgriBank provides funding to, and is primarily owned by, its affiliated Associations. Affiliated Associations are chartered to serve customers in substantially all of Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, Tennessee, Wisconsin and Wyoming. Affiliated Associations provide credit and financial services to farmers, ranchers, rural residents, agribusinesses and other eligible borrowers.

As of January 1, 2015 the Boards of Directors of Farm Credit Services of America (FCS of America) (an affiliated Association in the District) and Frontier Farm Credit implemented a strategic alliance. As part of the new alliance, FCS of America and Frontier Farm Credit continue to exist as separate associations while integrating their day-to-day business operations, technology systems and leadership teams. Each association continues to have its own Board, with representatives participating in a Coordinating Committee to facilitate Board governance between the two organizations.

Under the alliance agreement, FCS of America and Frontier Farm Credit have agreed to share current year income and expenses based on the average total assets of each entity for the prior calendar year beginning in 2017. Due to the transition period required to fully implement the alliance, the agreement specifies that pre-tax net income generally will be shared on fixed percentages of 94.0 percent FCS of America and 6.0 percent Frontier Farm Credit for 2015 and 93.0 percent FCS of America 7.0 percent Frontier Farm Credit for 2016.

Frontier Farm Credit has approximately \$2 billion in assets and serves multiple counties in eastern Kansas. FCS of America has approximately \$23 billion in assets and serves the states of Iowa, Nebraska, South Dakota and Wyoming.

Forward-Looking Information

Any forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report are based on current expectations and are subject to uncertainty and changes in circumstances. Actual results may differ materially from expectations due to a number of risks and uncertainties. More information about these risks and uncertainties is contained in the District's 2014 Annual Report. AgriBank and affiliated Associations undertake no duty to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Financial Overview

Net income decreased \$6.2 million from historically high levels to \$429.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The slight decrease was primarily driven by increases in non-interest expenses and provision for credit losses, substantially offset by an increase in net interest income. Refer to the Results of Operations section for further discussion.

Loan portfolio credit quality and capital remain strong and are well positioned to mitigate the potentially volatile agricultural market. Refer to the Loan Portfolio and Funding, Liquidity and Shareholders' Equity sections for further discussion.

Agricultural Conditions

The U.S. Department of Agriculture's Economic Research Service (USDA-ERS) projects U.S. aggregate net farm income (NFI) to decline from the forecasted \$108.0 billion in 2014 to \$73.6 billion in 2015. The overall decline in 2015 NFI is driven by the expected decline in crop prices and a retreat from the record livestock and dairy prices of 2014. Production cost increases are expected to moderate in 2015, partially due to lower energy costs, but are still projected to show a minimal 1.0 percent increase. Despite the significant expected decline in 2015 farm incomes, the U.S. farm economy entered 2015 in perhaps its strongest financial condition in over 50 years. The U.S. farm sector debt-to-asset ratio, a measure of overall farm financial health, reached an all-time low level of 10.6 percent in 2014 and is projected to increase only slightly to 10.9 percent for 2015.

While the outlook for corn, soybean and wheat producers' income remains generally negative, the strong financial condition of the borrowers comprising the District's crop portfolio is expected to mitigate the initial impact of lower or negative margins. Given current price projections, producers may benefit from commodity title programs under the Agricultural Act of 2014. However, some areas may experience financial stress if projected conditions are realized during the coming year.

The outlook for pork has declined to neutral as of March 31, 2015. This change has been driven by the strength of the U.S. dollar dampening export demand coupled with an increasing supply in the domestic poultry market, putting further downward price pressure on pork and resulting in further compressed margins.

Numerous cases of avian influenza have been reported in the United States since the beginning of 2015, mainly impacting commercial turkey flocks and chickens for egg production; however, risk to human health is believed to be negligible. Regardless, many countries have imposed export restrictions for certain regions in the United States, which are a driver in the expected reduction in turkey exports by 10.4 percent in 2015. The District concentration in poultry is limited at approximately 2 percent. As poultry remains a highly price-competitive protein source, the corresponding increase in domestic supply due to the reduction in exports has not modified the District outlook for the industry in 2015. This situation remains very fluid and could change quickly because the source of the avian influenza has not yet been determined.

Refer to the Agricultural Conditions section of Management's Discussion & Analysis of the District's 2014 Annual Report for further analysis of industry conditions.

Land Values

The AgriBank District routinely monitors agricultural land values. As part of this monitoring, the District conducts an annual Benchmark Survey, completed by licensed real estate appraisers, of a sample of benchmark farms selected to represent the lending footprint of affiliated Associations throughout the District. The next survey will be completed June 30, 2015.

Qualitative surveys of lending officers compiled by the Federal Reserve Banks of Chicago, Kansas City, and St. Louis as of the end of the fourth quarter 2014 indicated steady to slightly declining farmland values. The Federal Reserve Banks surveys cited year-over-year changes in the average value of non-irrigated farmland of -3.0 percent to +0.8 percent. The most recent information available from the Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis as of the end of the third quarter 2014 indicated that the average value of non-irrigated cropland in the District fell by almost five percent from a year earlier.

Declining land values are a potential lending risk following periods of sustained, rapid land value increases. Nominal and real (inflation-adjusted) agricultural land values have increased in proportions greater than other asset classes such as stocks and urban residential and commercial land during the past decade. However, District agricultural land values have, for the most part, escaped the valuation declines that other assets suffered during the Great Recession of 2008-2009. This is largely because the agricultural sector, particularly crop farming, has remained profitable throughout the economic crisis period, and demand for agricultural land has remained very strong. USDA-ERS projects farm real estate values will decline by 0.8 percent (\$18.8 billion) in 2015. This modest decline is generally consistent with our expectations on farm real estate valuation and is not expected to have a significant impact on the credit quality of the loan portfolio.

Refer to the Credit Risk Management section of the District's 2014 Annual Report for discussion of our risk management practices related to collateral values, particularly land values.

Loan Portfolio

Components of Loans

(in millions)	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Accrual loans:		
Real estate mortgage	\$49,891.5	\$49,783.2
Production and intermediate term	21,713.4	24,081.6
Agribusiness	8,156.2	7,679.8
Rural residential real estate	2,694.3	2,696.7
Other	3,822.0	3,775.7
Nonaccrual loans	516.5	481.4
Total loans	\$86,793.9	\$88,498.4

The Other category is primarily comprised of communication and energy related loans, loans originated under the Mission Related Investment authority and loans to AgriBank's other financing institutions (OFIs), as well as finance leases.

District loans totaled \$86.8 billion at March 31, 2015, a \$1.7 billion, or 1.9 percent, decrease from December 31, 2014. The decrease in total loans was primarily due to seasonal paydowns on operating lines of credit (primarily production and intermediate term sector). Typically, the operating lines increase in December as borrowers purchase inputs for the upcoming growing season before year end primarily for tax-planning

purposes. This is followed by strong paydowns after year end as crops are sold as well as annual payments in the first quarter.

The credit quality of our loan portfolio remains strong at March 31, 2015 with 96.5 percent of the portfolio in the acceptable category, compared to 97.0 percent at December 31, 2014. Adversely classified loans were 1.9 percent at March 31, 2015, compared to 1.7 percent at December 31, 2014. Substandard and doubtful loans, collectively called adverse loans, are loans AgriBank and affiliated Associations have identified as showing some credit weakness outside the credit standards. Although credit quality remains strong at March 31, 2015, AgriBank and affiliated Associations are beginning to see the start of adverse credit quality and related allowance for loan losses and provision for loan losses reverting back to more normal levels, primarily due to current economic outlook and commodity prices.

Components of Risk Assets

(in millions)	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Nonaccrual loans	\$516.5	\$481.4
Accruing restructured loans	66.2	75.4
Accruing loans 90 days or more past due	14.9	8.1
Total risk loans	597.6	564.9
Other property owned	15.4	22.3
Total risk assets	\$613.0	\$587.2
Risk loans as a % of total loans	0.69%	0.64%
Nonaccrual loans as a % of total loans	0.60%	0.54%
Delinquencies as a % of total loans	0.52%	0.42%

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

The risk assets have increased slightly from December 31, 2014, and remain at acceptable levels. At March 31, 2015, 61.7 percent of nonaccrual loans were current as to principal and interest, compared to 67.6 percent at December 31, 2014.

AgriBank and affiliated Associations maintain accounting policies requiring accruing loans past due 90 days to be transferred into nonaccrual status unless adequately secured and in the process of collection. Based on management's analysis, all loans 90 days or more past due and still accruing interest were eligible to remain in accruing status.

Allowance Coverage Ratios

	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Allowance as a % of:		
Loans	0.29%	0.28%
Nonaccrual loans	49.03%	51.53%
Total risk loans	42.38%	43.92%
Net charge-offs as a % of average loans	0.01%	0.02%
Adverse assets as a % of risk funds*	9.11%	8.28%

*Risk funds includes total capital and allowance for loan losses.

The allowance for loan losses is an estimate of losses on loans in the portfolio as of the financial statement date. AgriBank and affiliated Associations determine the appropriate level of allowance for loan losses based on the periodic evaluation of factors such as loan loss history, estimated probability of default, estimated loss severity, portfolio quality and current economic and environmental conditions. The allowance for loan losses increased slightly from year end to \$253.2 million as of March 31, 2015, primarily related to provisions for loan losses of \$10.3 million primarily due to an increase in crop and grain industry reserves related to current commodity prices and economic conditions and slight deterioration in credit quality throughout the District. The provision for loan losses was partially offset by net charge-offs of \$5.2 million. AgriBank and affiliated Associations' management believe the allowance for loan losses is reasonable in relation to the risk in the portfolios at March 31, 2015.

Funding, Liquidity and Shareholders' Equity

AgriBank is responsible for meeting the District's funding, liquidity and asset/liability management needs. Access to the unsecured debt capital markets remains the primary source of liquidity. The System continues to have reliable access to the debt capital markets to support its mission of providing credit to farmers, ranchers and other eligible borrowers. During the three months ended March 31, 2015, investor demand for System-wide Debt Securities has remained favorable.

AgriBank also maintains a secondary source of liquidity through a high quality investment portfolio. The composition of the liquidity investment portfolio is structured to provide at least 15 days of liquidity coverage from cash, overnight investments and U.S. Treasury securities less than three years in maturity. Other short term money market investments, as well as government and agency mortgage-backed securities, are positioned to cover regulatory requirements for 30- and 90-day intervals. Additionally, a supplemental liquidity buffer provides days coverage in excess of 90 days from certain money market instruments, asset-backed securities and non-agency mortgage-backed securities. At March 31, 2015 AgriBank held qualifying assets in excess of each incremental level to meet the liquidity coverage intervals.

AgriBank's liquidity policy and Farm Credit Administration (FCA) regulations require maintaining a minimum of 90 days of liquidity on a continuous basis. The days of liquidity measurement refers to the number of days that maturing debt is covered by liquid investments. As of March 31, 2015, AgriBank had sufficient liquidity to fund all debt maturing within 183 days.

AgriBank maintains a contingency funding plan that addresses actions AgriBank would consider in the event that there is not ready access to traditional funding sources. These potential actions include borrowing overnight via federal funds, using investment securities as collateral to borrow, using the proceeds from maturing investments and selling our liquid investments.

Total shareholders' equity at March 31, 2015 was \$18.3 billion, a \$402.2 million increase from December 31, 2014. Shareholders' equity increased primarily due to net income for the period, partially offset by earnings reserved for patronage and dividend distributions.

At March 31, 2015, AgriBank and each affiliated Association exceeded the regulatory minimum capital ratios. Refer to Note 4 in the accompanying Combined Financial Statements for further discussion.

Results of Operations

District net income for the three months ended March 31, 2015 was \$429.6 million, a 1.4 percent decrease, compared to \$435.8 million for the same period in 2014. The return on average assets was 1.6 percent for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to 1.8 percent for the same period in 2014.

Changes in Significant Components of Net Income

(in millions)

For the three months ended March 31,	2015	2014	Increase (Decrease) in Net Income
Net interest income (NII)	\$659.7	\$638.3	\$21.4
Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	10.2	(6.0)	(16.2)
Non-interest income	69.9	68.3	1.6
Non-interest expense	(276.4)	(259.6)	(16.8)
Provision for income taxes	13.4	17.2	3.8
Net income	\$429.6	\$435.8	(\$6.2)

Changes in NII

(in millions)

For the three months ended March 31,	2015 vs 2014		
Increase (decrease) due to:	Volume	Rate	Total
Interest income:			
Loans	\$47.9	\$(13.8)	\$34.1
Investments	5.1	2.2	7.3
Total interest income	53.0	(11.6)	41.4
Interest expense:			
Systemwide debt securities and other	(16.3)	(3.7)	(20.0)
Net change in net interest income	\$36.7	\$(15.3)	\$21.4

NII for the three months ended March 31, 2015 increased \$21.4 million, or 3.4 percent, compared to the same period in 2014. NII was positively impacted primarily by an increase in loan and investment volume. These positive influences on NII were partially offset by an increase in interest expense.

Information regarding the year-to-date average daily balances (ADB) and annualized average rates earned and paid on the portfolio follows:

(in millions)

For the three months ended March 31,	2015			2014		
	ADB	Rate	NII	ADB	Rate	NII
Interest earning assets:						
Accrual loans	\$86,113.9	3.95%	\$850.8	\$81,096.3	4.03%	\$816.6
Nonaccrual loans	496.5	6.75%	8.4	618.2	5.58%	8.6
Investment securities and federal funds	17,794.2	0.84%	37.3	15,316.3	0.78%	30.0
Other earning assets	11.8	4.77%	0.1	9.9	9.03%	0.2
Total earning assets	104,416.4	3.44%	896.6	97,040.7	3.53%	855.4
Interest bearing liabilities	87,092.4	1.10%	236.9	81,273.7	1.08%	217.1
Interest rate spread	\$17,324.0	2.34%		\$15,767.0	2.45%	
Impact of equity financing		0.19%			0.18%	
Net interest margin		2.53%			2.63%	
Net interest income			\$659.7			\$638.3

Net interest margin decreased 10 basis points over the same period last year primarily due to competitive pressures in the real estate sector.

In general, operating loans, which are typically variable rate, have the highest spreads. Longer term fixed rate loans generally carry narrower spreads. As the product mix changes between operating and real estate or intermediate term loans and competition increases, the interest rate spreads earned may change accordingly. While operating loans and real estate loans (typically longer term fixed rate loans) increased at similar rates year over year, the retail spread narrowed by eight basis points in the real estate sector, driving the largest change to net interest margin.

The District's provision for credit losses for the three months ended March 31, 2015 was \$10.2 million, compared to the reversal of credit losses of \$6.0 million for the same period in 2014. The amounts reflect the change in the estimated losses in the loan portfolios during the periods. Refer to the Loan portfolio section for further discussion.

The increase in non-interest income was primarily due to an increase in operating income driven by the income sharing provisions of the alliance agreement between FCS of America and Frontier Farm Credit for the three months ended March 31, 2015, partially offset by a decrease in mineral income at AgriBank due to the decline in oil prices in the latter part of 2014 and into the first quarter of 2015. Based on the current outlook for oil prices, mineral income is expected to continue to be lower than last year throughout 2015.

The increase in non-interest expense was primarily due to an increase in benefits expense primarily driven by an increase in the pension expense, reflecting the impact of the decrease in the discount rate and revised mortality tables used during 2015 for expense purposes, as well as an increase in operating expenses driven by the expense sharing provisions of the alliance agreement between FCS of America and Frontier Farm Credit for the three months ended March 31, 2015. In addition, Farm Credit System insurance expense increased by \$3.9 million reflecting the Farm Credit System Insurance Corporation premium rate of 13 basis points for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to 12 basis points for the same period in 2014.

Additional Regulatory Information

On May 8, 2014, the FCA Board approved a proposed rule to modify the regulatory capital requirements for System Banks and Associations. The stated objectives of the proposed rule are as follows:

- To modernize capital requirements while ensuring that institutions continue to hold sufficient regulatory capital to fulfill their mission as a government-sponsored enterprise,
- To ensure that the System's capital requirements are comparable to the Basel III framework and the standardized approach that the federal banking regulatory agencies have adopted, but also to ensure that the rules recognize the cooperative structure and the organization of the System,
- To make System regulatory capital requirements more transparent, and
- To meet the requirements of section 939A of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act.

The extended public comment period ended on February 16, 2015.

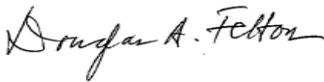
On June 12, 2014, the FCA Board approved a proposed rule to revise the requirements governing the eligibility of investments for System Banks and Associations. The stated objectives of the proposed rule are as follows:

- To strengthen the safety and soundness of System Banks and Associations,
- To ensure that System Banks hold sufficient liquidity to continue operations and pay maturing obligations in the event of market disruption,
- To enhance the ability of the System Banks to supply credit to agricultural and aquatic producers,
- To comply with the requirements of section 939A of the Dodd-Frank Act,
- To modernize the investment eligibility criteria for System Banks, and
- To revise the investment regulation for System Associations to improve their investment management practices so they are more resilient to risk.

The public comment period ended on October 23, 2014.

Certification

The undersigned have reviewed the March 31, 2015 Quarterly Report of AgriBank, FCB and affiliated Associations which has been prepared under the oversight of the AgriBank Audit Committee and in accordance with all applicable statutory or regulatory requirements and that the information contained herein is true, accurate and complete to the best of our knowledge and belief.



Douglas A. Felton
Chair of the Board
AgriBank, FCB
May 8, 2015



L. William York
Chief Executive Officer
AgriBank, FCB
May 8, 2015



Brian J. O'Keane
Executive Vice President, Banking and Finance and Chief Financial Officer
AgriBank, FCB
May 8, 2015

Combined Statements of Condition

AgriBank, FCB and affiliated Associations

(Dollars in thousands)
(unaudited)

	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Assets		
Loans	\$86,793,869	\$88,498,435
Allowance for loan losses	253,225	248,081
Net loans	86,540,644	88,250,354
Investment securities - AgriBank, FCB	14,348,849	14,294,777
Investment securities - affiliated Associations	1,688,638	1,747,957
Cash	367,813	831,269
Federal funds	1,267,465	1,336,780
Accrued interest receivable	776,884	892,214
Premises and equipment, net	453,858	451,030
Deferred tax assets, net	13,438	14,393
Assets held for lease, net	545,892	559,272
Derivative assets	13,056	15,400
Other property owned	15,436	22,284
Debt issuance costs	32,605	31,832
Cash collateral pledged to counterparties	33,959	22,018
Other assets	147,680	150,938
Total assets	\$106,246,217	\$108,620,518
Liabilities		
Bonds and notes	\$86,093,229	\$88,583,553
Subordinated notes	600,000	600,000
Accrued interest payable	227,483	205,054
Derivative liabilities	65,269	44,562
Deferred tax liabilities, net	146,990	153,286
Accounts payable	89,019	182,334
Patronage and dividends payable	30,268	273,751
Post-employment liability	491,160	486,628
Cash collateral pledged by counterparties	7,280	7,280
Other liabilities	244,221	234,988
Total liabilities	87,994,919	90,771,436
Commitments and contingencies	--	--
Shareholders' equity		
Perpetual preferred stock	350,000	350,000
Protected borrower equities	288	292
Capital stock and participation certificates	265,625	266,128
Allocated surplus	384,770	371,004
Unallocated surplus	17,752,118	17,368,747
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(546,561)	(549,705)
Noncontrolling interest	45,058	42,616
Total shareholders' equity	18,251,298	17,849,082
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$106,246,217	\$108,620,518

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined financial statements.

Combined Statements of Comprehensive Income

AgriBank, FCB and affiliated Associations

(Dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31,	2015	2014
Interest income		
Loans	\$859,214	\$825,069
Investment securities and other earning assets	37,475	30,219
Total interest income	896,689	855,288
Interest expense	236,940	216,957
Net interest income	659,749	638,331
Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	10,204	(5,969)
Net interest income after provision for (reversal of) credit losses	649,545	644,300
Non-interest income		
Financially related services	20,623	20,066
Mineral income	16,886	20,368
Loan prepayment and fee income	14,557	14,740
Miscellaneous income and other gains, net	17,789	13,117
Total non-interest income	69,855	68,291
Non-interest expense		
Salaries and employee benefits	167,579	162,484
Occupancy expense	10,788	10,367
Other operating expenses	72,261	64,785
Farm Credit System insurance expense	25,701	21,811
Impairment losses recognized in earnings:		
Total other-than-temporarily impaired losses	128	391
Portion of loss recognized in other comprehensive income	(55)	(241)
Net impairment losses recognized in earnings	73	150
Total non-interest expense	276,402	259,596
Income before income taxes	442,998	452,995
Provision for income taxes	13,354	17,169
Net income	\$429,644	\$435,826
Other comprehensive income		
Investments available-for-sale:		
Not-other-than-temporarily-impaired investments	\$15,486	\$12,095
Other-than-temporarily-impaired investments	(128)	7,569
Derivatives and hedging activity	(22,716)	(21,531)
Employee benefit plans activity	10,502	6,778
Total other comprehensive income	3,144	4,911
Comprehensive income	\$432,788	\$440,737

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined financial statements.

Combined Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

AgriBank, FCB and affiliated Associations

(Dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Perpetual Preferred Stock	Protected Borrower Equities	Capital Stock and Participation Certificates	Allocated Surplus	Unallocated Surplus	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Noncontrolling Interest	Total
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$350,000	\$299	\$265,174	\$339,360	\$15,838,875	\$(314,550)	\$34,864	\$16,514,022
Noncontrolling interest equity investment							1,519	1,519
Net income					435,826			435,826
Other comprehensive income						4,911		4,911
Patronage					(24,179)			(24,179)
Surplus allocated under nonqualified patronage program				13,462	(13,462)			--
Redemption of surplus allocated under nonqualified patronage program				(78)				(78)
Perpetual preferred stock dividends					(5,984)			(5,984)
Capital stock/participation certificates issued			5,063					5,063
Capital stock/participation certificates retired		(3)	(8,097)					(8,100)
Balance at March 31, 2014	\$350,000	\$296	\$262,140	\$352,744	\$16,231,076	\$(309,639)	\$36,383	\$16,923,000
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$350,000	\$292	\$266,128	\$371,004	\$17,368,747	\$(549,705)	\$42,616	\$17,849,082
Noncontrolling interest equity investment							2,442	2,442
Net income					429,644			429,644
Other comprehensive income						3,144		3,144
Patronage					(26,376)			(26,376)
Surplus allocated under nonqualified patronage program				13,913	(13,913)			--
Redemption of surplus allocated under nonqualified patronage program				(147)				(147)
Perpetual preferred stock dividends					(5,984)			(5,984)
Capital stock/participation certificates issued			10,692					10,692
Capital stock/participation certificates retired		(4)	(11,195)					(11,199)
Balance at March 31, 2015	\$350,000	\$288	\$265,625	\$384,770	\$17,752,118	\$(546,561)	\$45,058	\$18,251,298

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined financial statements.

Combined Statements of Cash Flows

AgriBank, FCB and affiliated Associations

(Dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

For the three months ended March 31,	2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$429,644	\$435,826
Depreciation on premises and equipment	9,880	9,694
Gain on sales of premises and equipment	(229)	(209)
Depreciation on assets held for lease	26,080	24,531
Loss (gain) on disposal of assets held for lease	182	(513)
Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	10,204	(5,969)
Loss (gain) on other property owned, net	1,398	(129)
Gain on derivative activities	(181)	(142)
Net impairment losses recognized in earnings	73	150
Gain on sale of investment securities, net	(327)	--
Amortization of premiums and discounts, net on loans and investments	10,226	9,931
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in accrued interest receivable	112,077	104,893
Decrease (increase) in other assets	3,440	(10,413)
Increase in accrued interest payable	22,429	13,777
Decrease in other liabilities	(75,216)	(48,164)
Net cash provided by operating activities	549,680	533,263
Cash flows from investing activities		
Decrease in loans, net	1,695,701	887,051
Proceeds from sales of other property owned	8,441	8,080
Decrease in other earning assets, net	--	74,048
Decrease (increase) in investment securities, net	5,094	(291,753)
Proceeds from the sale of investment securities	9,478	--
(Purchases) proceeds from sales of assets held for lease, net	(12,882)	31,890
Purchases of premises and equipment, net	(12,479)	(14,096)
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,693,353	695,220
Cash flows from financing activities		
Consolidated bonds and notes issued	32,583,070	66,212,315
Consolidated bonds and notes retired	(35,072,878)	(67,010,706)
Decrease in cash collateral pledged by counterparties	--	(9,800)
Increase in cash collateral pledged to counterparties	(11,941)	(6,168)
Patronage distribution paid	(269,859)	(238,943)
Redemption of surplus allocated under nonqualified patronage program	(147)	(78)
Capital stock/participation certificates retired, net	(507)	(3,458)
Preferred stock dividends paid	(5,984)	(4,362)
Increase in noncontrolling interest	2,442	1,519
Net cash used in financing activities	(2,775,804)	(1,059,681)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and federal funds	(532,771)	168,802
Cash and federal funds at beginning of period	2,168,049	2,074,280
Cash and federal funds at end of period	\$1,635,278	\$2,243,082
Supplemental schedule of non-cash activities		
Decrease in derivative assets	\$2,344	\$25,470
Increase in derivative liabilities	20,707	7,026
Decrease in bonds from derivative activity	(516)	(11,107)
Decrease in shareholders' equity from cash flow derivatives	(22,716)	(21,531)
Increase in shareholders' equity from investment securities	15,358	19,664
Increase in shareholders' equity from employee benefits	10,502	6,778
Loans transferred to other property owned	3,982	8,460
Preferred stock dividends accrued but not paid	4,297	4,297
Cash distributions payable to members	25,971	23,397
Financed sales of other property owned	(991)	(579)
Stock patronage issued	--	421
Supplemental Information		
Interest paid	\$214,511	\$203,180
Taxes (received) paid	(5,280)	6,587

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined financial statements.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

AgriBank, FCB and affiliated Associations

NOTE 1

Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

AgriBank, FCB (AgriBank) and affiliated Associations (the District) comprise one of the four Districts of the Farm Credit System (the System), a nationwide system of cooperatively owned Banks and Associations, established by Congress and subject to the provisions of the Farm Credit Act of 1971, as amended. The System specializes in providing financing and related services to qualified borrowers for agricultural and rural purposes. AgriBank and its affiliated Associations are collectively referred to as the District. At March 31, 2015, the District had 17 Agricultural Credit Association parent Associations, each of which has wholly owned Federal Land Credit Association and Production Credit Association subsidiaries. AgriBank serves as the intermediary between the financial markets and the retail lending activities of the District Associations.

A description of the organization and operation of the District, significant accounting policies followed, combined financial condition and results of operations as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014 are contained in the 2014 Annual Report. These unaudited first quarter 2015 Combined Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Annual Report. The results for the three months ended March 31, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ended December 31, 2015.

The accompanying combined financial statements include the accounts of AgriBank combined with its 17 affiliated Associations and certain related entities. All significant transactions and balances between AgriBank and affiliated Associations have been eliminated in combination. The accompanying Combined Financial Statements contain all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the interim financial condition and results of operations and conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and prevailing practices within the financial services industry.

Recently Issued or Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2015, the FASB issued, "Interest – Imputation of Interest." The guidance requires debt issuance costs be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying value of the debt liability. Prior to the issuance of the standard, debt issuance costs were required to be presented in the balance sheet as a deferred charge (asset). The guidance is effective for public entities for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The guidance is effective for nonpublic entities for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015 and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is allowed, including in any interim period. AgriBank and affiliated Associations are currently evaluating the impact on the financial condition for this recent accounting pronouncement.

In February 2015, the FASB issued, "Consolidation-Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis." The guidance modifies the assessment of Variable Interest Entity (VIE) characteristics as well as the assessment of related parties. The guidance is effective for public entities for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The guidance is effective for nonpublic entities for annual reporting after December 15, 2016 and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is allowed, including in any interim period. AgriBank and affiliated Associations are currently evaluating the impact on the financial condition, results of operations and disclosures for this recent accounting pronouncement.

In August 2014, the FASB issued guidance, “Presentation of Financial Statements-Going Concern.” The guidance requires management to perform interim and annual assessments of an entity’s ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date the Financial Statements are issued or within one year after the Financial Statements are available to be issued, when applicable. Substantial doubt to continue as a going concern exists if it is probable that the entity will be unable to meet its obligations for the assessed period. This guidance becomes effective for all entities for interim and annual periods ending after December 15, 2016, and early application is permitted. AgriBank and affiliated Associations are currently evaluating the impact on the disclosures for this recent accounting pronouncement.

In May 2014, the FASB issued guidance entitled, “Revenue from Contracts with Customers.” The guidance governs revenue recognition from contracts with customers and requires an entity to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Financial instruments and other contractual rights within the scope of other guidance issued by the FASB are excluded from the scope of this new revenue recognition guidance. In this regard, a majority of our contracts would be excluded from the scope of this new guidance. The guidance is effective for public entities for the first interim reporting period within the annual reporting periods after December 15, 2016. The guidance is effective for nonpublic entities for annual reporting after December 15, 2017 and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. In April 2015 the FASB proposed a one year deferral of the effective date. AgriBank and affiliated Associations are in the process of reviewing contracts to determine the effect, if any, on the financial condition or results of operations.

NOTE 2

Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses

Loans by Type (in thousands)	March 31, 2015		December 31, 2014	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Real estate mortgage	\$50,174,033	57.8%	\$50,054,095	56.5%
Production and intermediate term	21,870,727	25.2%	24,216,975	27.4%
Agribusiness	8,166,751	9.4%	7,690,099	8.7%
Rural residential real estate	2,736,098	3.2%	2,736,614	3.1%
Other	3,846,260	4.4%	3,800,652	4.3%
Total loans	<u>\$86,793,869</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$88,498,435</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

The Other category is primarily comprised of communication and energy related loans, loans originated under the Mission Related Investment authority and loans to AgriBank’s other financing institutions, as well as finance leases.

Participations

AgriBank and affiliated Associations may purchase or sell participation interests with other parties in order to diversify risk, manage loan volume and comply with Farm Credit Administration (FCA) regulations or General Financing Agreement limitations.

Participations Purchased and Sold

(in thousands)	Other Farm Credit Institutions		Non-Farm Credit Institutions		Total	
	Participations Purchased	Participations Sold	Participations Purchased	Participations Sold	Participations Purchased	Participations Sold
As of March 31, 2015						
Real estate mortgage	\$996,929	\$226,332	\$2,395,779	\$45,261	\$3,392,708	\$271,593
Production and intermediate term	1,012,835	572,815	3,504,048	59,806	4,516,883	632,621
Agribusiness	4,170,872	815,332	525,522	130,619	4,696,394	945,951
Rural residential real estate	98	--	16,941	388	17,039	388
Other	2,107,340	116,866	12,487	--	2,119,827	116,866
Total loans	\$8,288,074	\$1,731,345	\$6,454,777	\$236,074	\$14,742,851	\$1,967,419
(in thousands)	Other Farm Credit Institutions		Non-Farm Credit Institutions		Total	
	Participations Purchased	Participations Sold	Participations Purchased	Participations Sold	Participations Purchased	Participations Sold
As of December 31, 2014						
Real estate mortgage	\$1,034,180	\$222,036	\$2,437,723	\$45,764	\$3,471,903	\$267,800
Production and intermediate term	1,043,975	640,299	3,956,102	58,637	5,000,077	698,936
Agribusiness	3,834,567	791,740	557,687	110,601	4,392,254	902,341
Rural residential real estate	98	--	17,549	401	17,647	401
Other	2,027,528	110,502	12,624	--	2,040,152	110,502
Total loans	\$7,940,348	\$1,764,577	\$6,981,685	\$215,403	\$14,922,033	\$1,979,980

Information in the preceding chart excludes loans entered into under the Mission Related Investment and leasing authorities.

Portfolio Performance

One credit quality indicator we utilize is the FCA Uniform Loan Classification System that categorizes loans into five categories. The categories are defined as follows:

- Acceptable – assets are non-criticized assets representing the highest quality. They are expected to be fully collectible. This category is further differentiated into various probabilities of default,
- Other Assets Especially Mentioned (Special Mention) – are currently collectible, but exhibit some potential weakness. These assets involve increased credit risk, but not to the point of justifying a substandard classification,
- Substandard – assets exhibit some serious weakness in repayment capacity, equity and/or collateral pledged on the loan,
- Doubtful – assets exhibit similar weaknesses as substandard assets. However, doubtful assets have additional weaknesses in existing factors, conditions and values that make collection in full highly questionable, and
- Loss – assets are considered uncollectible.

Credit Quality of Loans

(in thousands)							
As of March 31, 2015	Acceptable		Special mention		Substandard/Doubtful		Total
Real estate mortgage	\$49,050,606	96.9%	\$763,700	1.5%	\$821,484	1.6%	\$50,635,790 100.0%
Production and intermediate term	21,069,642	95.4%	474,791	2.1%	558,152	2.5%	22,102,585 100.0%
Agribusiness	7,975,239	97.3%	53,152	0.6%	168,547	2.1%	8,196,938 100.0%
Rural residential real estate	2,630,117	95.6%	31,887	1.2%	87,888	3.2%	2,749,892 100.0%
Other	3,780,352	98.1%	39,252	1.0%	34,535	0.9%	3,854,139 100.0%
Total loans	<u>\$84,505,956</u>	<u>96.5%</u>	<u>\$1,362,782</u>	<u>1.6%</u>	<u>\$1,670,606</u>	<u>1.9%</u>	<u>\$87,539,344 100.0%</u>

(in thousands)							
As of December 31, 2014	Acceptable		Special mention		Substandard/Doubtful		Total
Real estate mortgage	\$49,155,626	97.2%	\$674,065	1.3%	\$750,424	1.5%	\$50,580,115 100.0%
Production and intermediate term	23,649,740	96.5%	394,643	1.6%	457,835	1.9%	24,502,218 100.0%
Agribusiness	7,508,437	97.2%	53,364	0.7%	158,406	2.1%	7,720,207 100.0%
Rural residential real estate	2,640,688	96.0%	28,249	1.0%	83,113	3.0%	2,752,050 100.0%
Other	3,733,780	98.1%	47,046	1.2%	26,531	0.7%	3,807,357 100.0%
Total loans	<u>\$86,688,271</u>	<u>97.0%</u>	<u>\$1,197,367</u>	<u>1.3%</u>	<u>\$1,476,309</u>	<u>1.7%</u>	<u>\$89,361,947 100.0%</u>

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

AgriBank and affiliated Associations had no loans categorized as loss at March 31, 2015 or December 31, 2014.

Aging Analysis of Loans

(in thousands)						
As of March 31, 2015	30-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Not Past Due or Less than 30 Days Past Due	Total Loans	Accruing loans 90 days or more past due
Real estate mortgage	\$106,226	\$71,585	\$177,811	\$50,457,979	\$50,635,790	\$6,767
Production and intermediate term	171,718	48,529	220,247	21,882,338	22,102,585	3,217
Agribusiness	1,742	3,317	5,059	8,191,879	8,196,938	132
Rural residential real estate	17,053	10,140	27,193	2,722,699	2,749,892	--
Other	16,950	5,087	22,037	3,832,102	3,854,139	4,758
Total loans	<u>\$313,689</u>	<u>\$138,658</u>	<u>\$452,347</u>	<u>\$87,086,997</u>	<u>\$87,539,344</u>	<u>\$14,874</u>

(in thousands)						
As of December 31, 2014	30-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Not Past Due or Less than 30 Days Past Due	Total Loans	Accruing loans 90 days or more past due
Real estate mortgage	\$161,438	\$59,718	\$221,156	\$50,358,959	\$50,580,115	\$873
Production and intermediate term	63,570	28,413	91,983	24,410,235	24,502,218	697
Agribusiness	8,587	3,413	12,000	7,708,207	7,720,207	--
Rural residential real estate	21,901	8,769	30,670	2,721,380	2,752,050	--
Other	9,527	7,235	16,762	3,790,595	3,807,357	6,512
Total loans	<u>\$265,023</u>	<u>\$107,548</u>	<u>\$372,571</u>	<u>\$88,989,376</u>	<u>\$89,361,947</u>	<u>\$8,082</u>

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

Based on management's analysis, all loans 90 days or more past due and still accruing interest were adequately secured and in the process of collection and, as such, were eligible to remain in accruing status.

Risk Assets

Risk loans are loans for which it is probable that all principal and interest will not be collected according to the contractual terms.

Risk Loan Information

(in thousands)

	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Nonaccrual loans:		
Current as to principal and interest	\$318,876	\$325,218
Past due	197,640	156,191
Total nonaccrual loans	516,516	481,409
Accruing restructured loans	66,186	75,398
Accruing loans 90 days or more past due	14,874	8,082
Total risk loans	\$597,576	\$564,889
Volume with specific reserves	\$139,325	\$125,181
Volume without specific reserves	458,251	439,708
Total risk loans	\$597,576	\$564,889
Specific reserves	\$54,859	\$49,506
For the three months ended March 31,	2015	2014
Income on accrual risk loans	\$1,003	\$864
Income on nonaccrual loans	8,375	8,626
Total income on risk loans	\$9,378	\$9,490
Average risk loans	\$577,077	\$689,784

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

Risk Assets by Loan Type

(in thousands)

	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Nonaccrual loans:		
Real estate mortgage	\$282,584	\$270,884
Production and intermediate term	157,376	135,364
Agribusiness	10,563	10,278
Rural residential real estate	41,752	39,915
Other	24,241	24,968
Total nonaccrual loans	\$516,516	\$481,409
Accruing restructured loans:		
Real estate mortgage	\$48,791	\$62,281
Production and intermediate term	16,294	11,697
Agribusiness	350	477
Rural residential real estate	751	943
Total accruing restructured loans	\$66,186	\$75,398
Accruing loans 90 days or more past due:		
Real estate mortgage	\$6,767	\$873
Production and intermediate term	3,217	697
Agribusiness	132	--
Other	4,758	6,512
Total accruing loans 90 days or more past due	\$14,874	\$8,082
Total risk loans	\$597,576	\$564,889
Other property owned	\$15,436	\$22,284
Total risk assets	\$613,012	\$587,173

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

All risk loans are considered to be impaired loans.

Additional Impaired Loan Information by Loan Type

(in thousands)	As of March 31, 2015			For the three months ended March 31, 2015	
	Recorded Investment*	Unpaid Principal Balance**	Related Allowance	Average Impaired Loans	Interest Income Recognized
Impaired loans with a related allowance for loan losses:					
Real estate mortgage	\$48,666	\$58,156	\$13,623	\$48,100	\$ --
Production and intermediate term	74,575	82,046	33,807	64,765	--
Agribusiness	998	1,094	191	943	--
Rural residential real estate	5,475	7,073	1,712	5,511	--
Other	9,611	9,870	5,526	8,503	--
Total	\$139,325	\$158,239	\$54,859	\$127,822	\$ --
Impaired loans with no related allowance for loan losses:					
Real estate mortgage	\$289,476	\$387,162	\$ --	\$282,522	\$5,343
Production and intermediate term	102,312	158,547	--	98,718	2,552
Agribusiness	10,047	16,906	--	10,576	905
Rural residential real estate	37,028	48,036	--	35,890	514
Other	19,388	21,497	--	21,549	64
Total	\$458,251	\$632,148	\$ --	\$449,255	\$9,378
Total impaired loans:					
Real estate mortgage	\$338,142	\$445,318	\$13,623	\$330,622	\$5,343
Production and intermediate term	176,887	240,593	33,807	163,483	2,552
Agribusiness	11,045	18,000	191	11,519	905
Rural residential real estate	42,503	55,109	1,712	41,401	514
Other	28,999	31,367	5,526	30,052	64
Total	\$597,576	\$790,387	\$54,859	\$577,077	\$9,378

(in thousands)	As of December 31, 2014			For the three months ended March 31, 2014	
	Recorded Investment*	Unpaid Principal Balance**	Related Allowance	Average Impaired Loans	Interest Income Recognized
Impaired loans with a related allowance for loan losses:					
Real estate mortgage	\$50,695	\$57,607	\$15,975	\$64,560	\$ --
Production and intermediate term	56,979	62,698	25,919	64,466	--
Agribusiness	912	985	163	1,376	--
Rural residential real estate	6,547	8,026	1,924	7,063	--
Other	10,048	10,693	5,525	21,906	--
Total	\$125,181	\$140,009	\$49,506	\$159,371	\$ --
Impaired loans with no related allowance for loan losses:					
Real estate mortgage	\$283,343	\$383,077	\$ --	\$343,710	\$5,282
Production and intermediate term	90,779	150,002	--	107,587	2,756
Agribusiness	9,843	17,192	--	39,066	777
Rural residential real estate	34,311	45,753	--	35,995	613
Other	21,432	23,336	--	4,055	62
Total	\$439,708	\$619,360	\$ --	\$530,413	\$9,490
Total impaired loans:					
Real estate mortgage	\$334,038	\$440,684	\$15,975	\$408,270	\$5,282
Production and intermediate term	147,758	212,700	25,919	172,053	\$2,756
Agribusiness	10,755	18,177	163	40,442	\$777
Rural residential real estate	40,858	53,779	1,924	43,058	\$613
Other	31,480	34,029	5,525	25,961	\$62
Total	\$564,889	\$759,369	\$49,506	\$689,784	\$9,490

*The recorded investment in the receivable is the face amount increased or decreased by applicable accrued interest and unamortized premium, discount, finance charges and acquisition costs and may also reflect a previous direct write-down of the investment. The recorded investment may be less than the unpaid principal balance as payments on non-cash basis nonaccrual loans reduce the recorded investment.

**Unpaid principal balance represents the contractual principal balance of the loan.

AgriBank and affiliated Associations did not have any material commitments to lend additional money to borrowers whose loans were at risk as of March 31, 2015.

Troubled Debt Restructurings

Included within loans are troubled debt restructurings (TDRs). These loans have been modified by granting a concession in order to maximize the collection of amounts due when a borrower is experiencing financial difficulties. All risk loans, including TDRs, are analyzed within our allowance for loan losses.

Troubled Debt Restructuring Activity

(in thousands) For the three months ended March 31, 2015	Pre-modification Outstanding Recorded Investment*	Post-modification Outstanding Recorded Investment*
Troubled debt restructurings:		
Real estate mortgage	\$469	\$500
Production and intermediate term	5,665	5,547
Rural residential real estate	336	273
Total loans	<u>\$6,470</u>	<u>\$6,320</u>

(in thousands) For the three months ended March 31, 2014	Pre-modification Outstanding Recorded Investment*	Post-modification Outstanding Recorded Investment*
Troubled debt restructurings:		
Real estate mortgage	\$2,841	\$2,707
Production and intermediate term	181	149
Rural residential real estate	107	81
Total loans	<u>\$3,129</u>	<u>\$2,937</u>

*Pre-modification represents the outstanding recorded investment of the loan just prior to restructuring and post-modification represents the outstanding recorded investment of the loan immediately following the restructuring. The recorded investment of the loan is the face amount of the receivable increased or decreased by applicable accrued interest and unamortized premium, discount, finance charges, and acquisition costs and may also reflect a previous direct charge-off.

The primary types of modification typically include extension of maturity, deferral of principal, interest compromise or reduction in interest rate below market.

Troubled Debt Restructurings that Subsequently Defaulted within the Previous 12 Months

(in thousands) For the three months ended March 31,	Recorded Investment	
	2015	2014
Troubled debt restructurings that subsequently defaulted:		
Real estate mortgage	\$299	\$29
Production and intermediate term	365	232
Rural residential real estate	99	66
Total	<u>\$763</u>	<u>\$327</u>

TDRs Outstanding

(in thousands)

	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Accrual Status		
Real estate mortgage	\$48,790	\$62,281
Production and intermediate term	16,294	11,697
Agribusiness	350	477
Rural residential real estate	752	943
Total TDRs in accrual status	\$66,186	\$75,398
Nonaccrual Status		
Real estate mortgage	\$40,642	\$42,961
Production and intermediate term	20,251	20,726
Agribusiness	8,323	9,776
Rural residential real estate	2,663	2,562
Other	14,408	14,623
Total TDRs in nonaccrual status	\$86,287	\$90,648
Total TDRs	\$152,473	\$166,046

Additional commitments to lend to borrowers whose loans have been modified in a TDR totaled \$4.6 million at March 31, 2015.

Allowance for Loan Losses

Changes in Allowance for Loan Losses

(in thousands)

For the three months ended March 31,	2015	2014
Balance at beginning of year	\$248,081	\$236,312
Provision for (reversal of) loan losses	10,332	(3,133)
Charge-offs	(8,439)	(4,993)
Recoveries	3,251	2,425
Balance at end of period	\$253,225	\$230,611

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, the allowance for loan losses increased to \$253.2 million, reflecting \$10.3 million of provision for loan losses (not including reversals of credit losses of \$128 thousand for unfunded commitments), substantially offset by net charge-offs of \$5.2 million. Additional provisions were driven by low crop prices and the heavy concentration in crops in some affiliated Associations.

Changes in Allowance for Loan Losses and Year End Recorded Investments by Loan Type

(in thousands)	Real estate mortgage	Production and intermediate term	Agribusiness	Rural residential real estate	Other	Total
Allowance for loan losses:						
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$89,637	\$101,742	\$30,455	\$9,674	\$16,573	\$248,081
Provision for loan losses	3,250	4,254	2,003	345	480	10,332
Charge-offs	(3,755)	(3,817)	(160)	(706)	(1)	(8,439)
Recoveries	694	1,355	599	207	396	3,251
Balance at March 31, 2015	\$89,826	\$103,534	\$32,897	\$9,520	\$17,448	\$253,225
At March 31, 2015:						
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	\$13,623	\$33,807	\$191	\$1,712	\$5,526	\$54,859
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	\$76,203	\$69,727	\$32,706	\$7,808	\$11,922	\$198,366
Recorded investments in loans outstanding:						
Ending balance at March 31, 2015	\$50,635,790	\$22,102,585	\$8,196,938	\$2,749,892	\$3,854,139	\$87,539,344
Ending balance for loans individually evaluated for impairment	\$338,142	\$176,887	\$11,045	\$42,503	\$28,999	\$597,576
Ending balance for loans collectively evaluated for impairment	\$50,297,648	\$21,925,698	\$8,185,893	\$2,707,389	\$3,825,140	\$86,941,768

(in thousands)	Real estate mortgage	Production and intermediate term	Agribusiness	Rural residential real estate	Other	Total
Allowance for loan losses:						
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$86,313	\$87,153	\$37,250	\$8,864	\$16,732	\$236,312
(Reversal of) provision for loan losses	(732)	(3,366)	(453)	767	651	(3,133)
Charge-offs	(2,656)	(1,779)	(11)	(539)	(8)	(4,993)
Recoveries	1,006	1,047	172	196	4	2,425
Balance at March 31, 2014	\$83,931	\$83,055	\$36,958	\$9,288	\$17,379	\$230,611
At December 31, 2014:						
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	\$15,975	\$25,919	\$163	\$1,924	\$5,525	\$49,506
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	\$73,662	\$75,823	\$30,292	\$7,750	\$11,048	\$198,575
Recorded investments in loans outstanding:						
Ending balance at December 31, 2014	\$50,580,115	\$24,502,218	\$7,720,207	\$2,752,050	\$3,807,357	\$89,361,947
Ending balance for loans individually evaluated for impairment	\$334,038	\$147,758	\$10,755	\$40,858	\$31,480	\$564,889
Ending balance for loans collectively evaluated for impairment	\$50,246,077	\$24,354,460	\$7,709,452	\$2,711,192	\$3,775,877	\$88,797,058

NOTE 3

Investment Securities

AgriBank Investment Securities

All AgriBank investment securities are classified as available-for-sale (AFS).

AgriBank AFS Investment Securities

(in thousands)	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair	Weighted
As of March 31, 2015	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value	Average
					Yield
Mortgage-backed securities	\$5,463,952	\$33,695	\$11,408	\$5,486,239	1.0%
Commercial paper and other	4,972,818	559	83	4,973,294	0.3%
U.S. Treasury securities	2,963,626	4,710	11	2,968,325	1.2%
Asset-backed securities	813,398	7,629	1,300	819,727	0.6%
U.S. Agencies	100,019	1,245	--	101,264	4.4%
Total	<u>\$14,313,813</u>	<u>\$47,838</u>	<u>\$12,802</u>	<u>\$14,348,849</u>	<u>0.8%</u>

(in thousands)	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair	Weighted
As of December 31, 2014	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value	Average
					Yield
Mortgage-backed securities	\$5,403,078	\$30,632	\$19,173	\$5,414,537	1.0%
Commercial paper and other	5,345,722	326	228	5,345,820	0.3%
U.S. Treasury securities	2,564,962	1,054	1,139	2,564,877	1.2%
Asset-backed securities	861,166	7,763	1,640	867,289	0.5%
U.S. Agencies	100,053	2,201	--	102,254	4.4%
Total	<u>\$14,274,981</u>	<u>\$41,976</u>	<u>\$22,180</u>	<u>\$14,294,777</u>	<u>0.8%</u>

Commercial paper and other is primarily corporate commercial paper, certificates of deposit and term federal funds.

Contractual Maturities of AgriBank AFS Investment Securities

(in thousands)	Year of Maturity				Total
	One Year or Less	One to Five Years	Five to Ten Years	More Than Ten Years	
As of March 31, 2015					
Mortgage-backed securities	\$ --	\$29,594	\$37,824	\$5,418,821	\$5,486,239
Commercial paper and other	4,973,294	--	--	--	4,973,294
U.S. Treasury securities	1,422,936	1,545,389	--	--	2,968,325
Asset-backed securities	787	788,337	--	30,603	819,727
U.S. Agencies	101,264	--	--	--	101,264
Total	<u>\$6,498,281</u>	<u>\$2,363,320</u>	<u>\$37,824</u>	<u>\$5,449,424</u>	<u>\$14,348,849</u>
Weighted average yield	0.6%	0.9%	0.8%	1.0%	0.8%

The expected average life is 0.7 years for asset-backed securities (ABS) and 3.2 years for mortgage-backed securities (MBS) at March 31, 2015. Expected maturities differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to prepay obligations.

Additional AgriBank AFS Investment Security Information

(in thousands)

For the three months ended March 31,	2015	2014
Proceeds from sales	\$9,478	\$ --
Realized gross gains on sales	513	--
Realized gross losses on sales	186	--
Impairment losses	73	150

The proceeds from sales in 2015 were related to the sale of home-equity ABS and non-agency MBS.

A summary of the AgriBank investment securities in an unrealized loss position presented by the length of time that the securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position follows:

(in thousands)	Less than 12 months		More than 12 months	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
As of March 31, 2015				
Mortgage-backed securities	\$1,282,415	\$3,385	\$684,653	\$8,023
Commercial paper and other	1,284,640	83	--	--
U.S. Treasury securities	101,051	11	--	--
Asset-backed securities	681,375	313	49,885	987
Total	<u>\$3,349,481</u>	<u>\$3,792</u>	<u>\$734,538</u>	<u>\$9,010</u>

(in thousands)	Less than 12 months		More than 12 months	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
As of December 31, 2014				
Mortgage-backed securities	\$1,667,257	\$7,405	\$711,946	\$11,768
Commercial paper and other	1,240,551	228	--	--
U.S. Treasury securities	1,062,841	1,139	--	--
Asset-backed securities	805,207	618	24,114	1,022
Total	<u>\$4,775,856</u>	<u>\$9,390</u>	<u>\$736,060</u>	<u>\$12,790</u>

AgriBank evaluates its investment securities for other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) on a quarterly basis. AgriBank determined that securities with a fair value of \$61.1 million at March 31, 2015 were in an other-than-temporary loss position compared to securities with a fair value of \$68.2 million at December 31, 2014. As a result of the evaluations, AgriBank has recognized \$73 thousand in net impairment losses during the three months ended March 31, 2015, reflecting a gross impairment charge of \$128 thousand, net of \$55 thousand related to the non-credit component which was recognized in other comprehensive income. AgriBank has determined no other securities were in an OTTI loss position at March 31, 2015.

Of the securities sold during the three months ended March 31, 2015, \$5.0 million were OTTI AFS securities, which resulted in gains of \$513 thousand. AgriBank had previously recognized \$1.8 million of impairment on the securities sold.

The following represents the activity related to the credit-loss component for AgriBank AFS investment securities that have been written down for OTTI that has been recognized in earnings:

(in thousands)		2015	2014
For the three months ended March 31,			
Credit-loss component, beginning of year		\$42,062	\$127,947
Additions:			
Initial credit impairment		73	--
Subsequent credit impairments		--	150
Reductions:			
For gain on securities sold		(513)	--
For impairment previously recognized on securities sold		(1,246)	--
For increases in expected cash flows		(3,667)	(401)
Credit-loss component, end of year		\$36,709	\$127,696

Affiliated Associations Investment Securities

One affiliated Association holds certain Farmer Mac securities and may not hold the investments to maturity, as such, a portion of these securities are classified as AFS. The fair value of this AFS investment was \$21.0 million at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014. For these AFS investments, the amortized cost was \$20.8 million and \$20.9 million, the unrealized gain was \$201 thousand and \$82 thousand and the contractual maturities were all more than ten years at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

All other investments held by affiliated Associations are classified as held-to-maturity (HTM).

HTM Investment Securities

(in thousands)					
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair	Weighted
As of March 31, 2015	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value	Average
					Yield
Government guaranteed instruments	\$1,372,982	\$14,814	\$24,302	\$1,363,494	2.4%
Farmer Mac mortgage-backed securities	280,694	2,745	431	283,008	4.4%
ARC bonds	7,232	--	3	7,229	1.7%
Total	\$1,660,908	\$17,559	\$24,736	\$1,653,731	2.8%

(in thousands)					
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair	Weighted
As of December 31, 2014	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value	Average
					Yield
Government guaranteed instruments	\$1,425,175	\$15,407	\$25,255	\$1,415,327	2.3%
Farmer Mac mortgage-backed securities	287,842	2,400	1,186	289,056	4.4%
ARC bonds	7,219	--	--	7,219	1.7%
Total	\$1,720,236	\$17,807	\$26,441	\$1,711,602	2.6%

The investments were evaluated for OTTI. No securities were other-than-temporarily impaired as of March 31, 2015 or December 31, 2014.

Other Investments

One affiliated Association holds non-controlling investments in venture capital equity funds of \$6.7 million at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014. These investments represent the stake in venture capital equity funds focused on the needs of rural start-up companies. The remaining commitment to the funds at March 31, 2015 was \$2.8 million over the next nine years and \$94 thousand over the next four years under the respective commitments.

These other investments were evaluated for impairment. No impairments were recognized on these investments during the three months ended March 31, 2015 or 2014.

AgriBank and certain affiliated Associations are among the forming limited partners for a \$154.5 million Rural Business Investment Company (RBIC) established on October 3, 2014. No additional capital drawdowns occurred during the first quarter of 2015. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, \$3.4 million was invested by the entities in the District and is included in "Other Assets" on the Combined Statements of Condition.

NOTE 4

Capital

FCA's capital adequacy regulations require AgriBank and each affiliated Association to maintain permanent capital of at least 7.0 percent of risk-adjusted assets, a total surplus to risk-adjusted assets ratio of at least 7.0 percent and a core surplus to risk-adjusted assets ratio of at least 3.5 percent. At March 31, 2015, AgriBank exceeded these requirements with a 21.0 percent permanent capital ratio, 18.2 percent total surplus ratio and 11.9 percent core surplus ratio. All affiliated Associations exceeded the regulatory minimums at March 31, 2015.

Typically FCA regulations require AgriBank to maintain a net collateral ratio of at least 103.0 percent. However, AgriBank is required to maintain a higher minimum of 104.0 percent during the period in which it has subordinated notes outstanding. At March 31, 2015, AgriBank's net collateral ratio was 106.1 percent.

NOTE 5

Employee Benefit Plans

AgriBank and affiliated Associations participate in District-wide employee benefit plans.

Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost

(in thousands)	2015		2014	
	Pension Benefits	Other Benefits	Pension Benefits	Other Benefits
For the three months ended March 31,				
Net periodic benefit cost				
Service cost	\$7,521	\$140	\$6,613	\$123
Interest cost	12,649	348	12,557	359
Expected return on plan assets	(13,905)	--	(13,845)	--
Amortization of prior service cost	(316)	(115)	(317)	(180)
Actuarial loss (gain)	10,945	(5)	7,362	(87)
Net periodic benefit cost	<u>\$16,894</u>	<u>\$368</u>	<u>\$12,370</u>	<u>\$215</u>

The District previously disclosed in its combined financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014, that the District expected to contribute \$59.9 million for Pension Benefits and \$1.7 million for Other Benefits in 2015.

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, District employers have contributed \$1.9 million to fund Pension Benefits. District employers anticipate contributing an additional \$58.0 million to fund Pension Benefits in

2015. District employers typically fund 40 percent of their annual contributions to the pension plan in June and the remaining 60 percent in December.

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, District employers have contributed \$356 thousand for Other Benefits. District employers anticipate contributing an additional \$1.4 million for Other Benefits in 2015.

NOTE 6

Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of business, AgriBank and affiliated Associations have various contingent liabilities and commitments outstanding, primarily commitments to extend credit, which may not be reflected in the Combined Financial Statements. AgriBank and affiliated Associations do not anticipate any material losses because of the contingencies or commitments. AgriBank and affiliated Associations may, from time to time, be named as defendants in certain lawsuits or legal actions in the normal course of business. At the date of these Combined Financial Statements, management teams were not aware of any material actions. However, AgriBank and affiliated Association management cannot ensure that such actions or other contingencies will not arise in the future.

While primarily liable for its portion of System-wide bonds and notes, AgriBank is jointly and severally liable for the System-wide bonds and notes of the other System Banks. The total bonds and notes of the System at March 31, 2015 were \$222.2 billion.

NOTE 7

Fair Value Measurements

AgriBank and affiliated Associations use fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures. Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring and non-recurring basis consist of federal funds, investments available-for-sale, derivative assets and liabilities, impaired loans, collateral assets and liabilities, unfunded loan commitments, standby letters of credit and other property owned. The fair value is also calculated and disclosed for other financial instruments that are not measured at fair value on the Combined Statements of Condition. These assets and liabilities consist of cash, investments held-to-maturity, non-impaired loans, other earning assets, bonds and notes, subordinated notes and commitments to extend credit and letters of credit. Refer to Note 14 in the District's 2014 Annual Report for descriptions of the valuation methodologies used for asset and liabilities recorded at fair value on a recurring or nonrecurring basis and for estimating fair value for financial instruments not recorded at fair value.

A fair value hierarchy is used for disclosure of fair value measurements to maximize the use of observable inputs. The valuation hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Refer to Note 2 within the District's 2014 Annual Report for a more complete description of these input levels.

Recurring Measurements

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

(in thousands) As of March 31, 2015	Fair Value Measurement Using			Total Fair Value
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Assets:				
Federal funds	\$ --	\$1,267,465	\$ --	\$1,267,465
AgriBank investments available-for-sale:				
Mortgage-backed securities	--	5,374,028	112,211	5,486,239
Commercial paper and other	--	4,973,294	--	4,973,294
U.S. Treasury securities	--	2,968,325	--	2,968,325
Asset-backed securities	--	789,124	30,603	819,727
U.S. Agency securities	--	101,264	--	101,264
Affiliated Association investments available-for-sale:				
Mortgage-backed securities	--	21,005	--	21,005
Total investments available-for-sale	--	14,227,040	142,814	14,369,854
Cash collateral pledged to counterparties	33,959	--	--	33,959
Derivative assets	--	13,056	--	13,056
Total assets	\$33,959	\$15,507,561	\$142,814	\$15,684,334
Liabilities:				
Cash collateral pledged by counterparties	\$7,280	\$ --	\$ --	\$7,280
Derivative liabilities	--	65,269	--	65,269
Total liabilities	\$7,280	\$65,269	\$ --	\$72,549

(in thousands) As of December 31, 2014	Fair Value Measurement Using			Total Fair Value
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Assets:				
Federal funds	\$ --	\$1,336,780	\$ --	\$1,336,780
AgriBank investments available-for-sale:				
Mortgage-backed securities	--	5,289,647	124,890	5,414,537
Commercial paper and other	--	5,345,820	--	5,345,820
U.S. Treasury securities	--	2,564,877	--	2,564,877
Asset-backed securities	--	833,573	33,716	867,289
U.S. Agency securities	--	102,254	--	102,254
Affiliated Association investments available-for-sale:				
Mortgage-backed securities	--	20,997	--	20,997
Total investments available-for-sale	--	14,157,168	158,606	14,315,774
Cash collateral pledged to counterparties	22,018	--	--	22,018
Derivative assets	--	15,400	--	15,400
Total assets	\$22,018	\$15,509,348	\$158,606	\$15,689,972
Liabilities:				
Cash collateral pledged by counterparties	\$7,280	\$ --	\$ --	\$7,280
Derivative liabilities	--	44,562	--	44,562
Total liabilities	\$7,280	\$44,562	\$ --	\$51,842

Fair Value Measurement Activity of Level 3 Instruments

(in thousands)

	Investments Available-for-Sale			Standby Letters of Credit
	Mortgage-backed Securities	Asset-backed Securities	Total	
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$124,890	\$33,716	\$158,606	\$ --
Total gains (losses) realized/unrealized:				
Included in earnings	289	(35)	254	--
Included in other comprehensive income	312	(131)	181	--
Sales	(8,056)	(1,422)	(9,478)	--
Settlements	(5,224)	(1,525)	(6,749)	--
Balance at March 31, 2015	\$112,211	\$30,603	\$142,814	\$ --
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$208,801	\$107,954	\$316,755	\$(2,951)
Total gains (losses) realized/unrealized:				
Included in earnings	(25)	(125)	(150)	530
Included in other comprehensive income	3,155	5,263	8,418	--
Settlements	(6,565)	(6,289)	(12,854)	--
Balance at March 31, 2014	\$205,366	\$106,803	\$312,169	\$(2,421)

There were no assets or liabilities transferred between levels during the three months ended March 31, 2015 or 2014.

Non-Recurring Measurements

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Non-recurring Basis

(in thousands)

	As of March 31, 2015				For the three months ended March 31, 2015
	Fair Value Measurement Using			Total Fair Value	Total Losses
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Impaired Loans	\$ --	\$35,841	\$55,752	\$91,593	\$(13,792)
Other property owned	--	--	16,053	16,053	(1,398)

(in thousands)

	As of December 31, 2014				For the three months ended March 31, 2014
	Fair Value Measurement Using			Total Fair Value	Total (Losses) Gains
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Impaired Loans	\$ --	\$33,501	\$52,925	\$86,426	\$(6,479)
Other property owned	--	--	23,175	23,175	129

Other Financial Instrument Measurements

Financial Instruments Not Measured at Fair Value on the Combined Statements of Condition

(in thousands)	Total Carrying Amount	Fair Value Measurement Using			Total Fair Value
As of March 31, 2015		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Assets:					
Cash	\$367,813	\$367,813	\$ --	\$ --	\$367,813
Investments held-to-maturity	1,667,633	--	500,635	1,159,821	1,660,456
Net non-impaired loans	86,456,178	--	--	87,330,599	87,330,599
Total assets	\$88,491,624	\$367,813	\$500,635	\$88,490,420	\$89,358,868
Liabilities:					
Bonds and notes	\$86,093,229	\$ --	\$ --	\$86,292,847	\$86,292,847
Subordinated notes	600,000	--	--	746,102	746,102
Unfunded loan commitments	11,261	--	--	11,261	11,261
Total liabilities	\$86,704,490	\$ --	\$ --	\$87,050,210	\$87,050,210
Unrecognized financial instruments:					
Commitments to extend credit and letters of credit		\$ --	\$ --	\$(21,685)	\$(21,685)

(in thousands)	Total Carrying Amount	Fair Value Measurement Using			Total Fair Value
As of December 31, 2014		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Assets:					
Cash	\$831,269	\$831,269	\$ --	\$ --	\$831,269
Investments held-to-maturity	1,726,960	--	508,098	1,230,841	1,738,939
Net non-impaired loans	88,174,679	--	--	88,631,042	88,631,042
Total assets	\$90,732,908	\$831,269	\$508,098	\$89,861,883	\$91,201,250
Liabilities:					
Bonds and notes	\$88,583,553	\$ --	\$ --	\$88,459,535	\$88,459,535
Subordinated notes	600,000	--	--	736,073	736,073
Unfunded loan commitments	11,390	--	--	11,390	11,390
Total liabilities	\$89,194,943	\$ --	\$ --	\$89,206,998	\$89,206,998
Unrecognized financial instruments:					
Commitments to extend credit and letters of credit		\$ --	\$ --	\$(23,789)	\$(23,789)

NOTE 8

Derivative and Hedging Activity

Use of Derivatives

AgriBank maintains an overall interest rate risk management strategy that incorporates the use of derivative products to minimize significant unplanned fluctuations in earnings that are caused by interest rate volatility. AgriBank's goals are to manage interest rate sensitivity by modifying the repricing or maturity characteristics of certain balance sheet assets and liabilities so that movements in interest rates do not adversely affect the net interest margin. As a result of interest rate fluctuations, hedged fixed-rate liabilities will appreciate or depreciate in market value. The effect of this unrealized appreciation or depreciation is expected to be substantially offset by gains or losses on the derivative instruments that are linked to these hedged assets and liabilities. Another result of interest rate fluctuations is that the interest income and interest expense of hedged floating-rate

liabilities will increase or decrease. The effect of this variability in earnings is expected to be substantially offset by gains and losses on the derivative instruments that are linked to these hedged assets and liabilities. AgriBank considers the use of derivatives to be a prudent method of managing interest rate sensitivity, as it prevents earnings from being exposed to undue risk posed by changes in interest rates.

AgriBank enters into derivative transactions, particularly interest rate swaps, to lower funding costs, diversify sources of funding, alter interest rate exposures arising from mismatches between assets and liabilities, or better manage liquidity. AgriBank may also enter into derivatives with affiliated Associations as a service to enable them to transfer, modify or reduce their exposure to retail interest rate risk. Interest rate swaps allow AgriBank to raise long-term borrowings at fixed rates and swap them into floating rates that are lower than those available to AgriBank if floating rate borrowings were made directly. Under interest rate swap arrangements, AgriBank agrees with other parties to exchange, at specified intervals, payment streams calculated on a specified notional principal amount, with at least one stream based on a specified floating rate index. AgriBank also offers interest rate swaps as part of a loan product to qualified borrowers of affiliated Associations. These swaps allow qualified borrowers to manage their interest rate risk and lock in a fixed interest rate similar to a fixed rate loan. AgriBank manages the interest rate risk from customer swaps with the execution of offsetting interest rate swap transactions. AgriBank may purchase interest rate options, such as caps, in order to offset the impact of rising interest rates on AgriBank's floating-rate debt and floors, in order to offset the impact of falling interest rates on related floating-rate assets. Interest rate swaps with retail borrowers including pay-fixed and receive-fixed swaps are also used to create product offerings to qualified borrowers of affiliated Associations.

AgriBank Derivative Instruments Activity (in notional amounts)

(In millions)

	Receive-Fixed Swaps	Pay-Fixed and Amortizing Pay-Fixed Swaps	Floating-for-Floating and Amortizing Floating-for-Floating	Other Derivatives	Total
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$1,550	\$1,235	\$1,150	\$40	\$3,975
Additions	300	65	--	600	965
Maturities/amortization	--	(50)	--	--	(50)
Forward Starting Becoming Effective	--	20	--	(20)	--
Balance at March 31, 2015	\$1,850	\$1,270	\$1,150	\$620	\$4,890
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$2,150	\$1,216	\$1,350	\$ --	\$4,716
Maturities/amortization	(200)	(41)	--	--	(241)
Balance at March 31, 2014	\$1,950	\$1,175	\$1,350	\$ --	\$4,475

Other derivatives consisted of forward starting swaps and customer derivative products.

By using derivative products, AgriBank exposes itself to credit and market risk. If a counterparty fails to fulfill its performance obligations under a derivative contract, AgriBank's credit risk will equal the fair value gain in a derivative. Generally, when the fair value of a derivative contract is positive, this indicates that the counterparty owes AgriBank, thus creating credit risk. When the fair value of the derivative contract is negative, AgriBank owes the counterparty and, therefore, AgriBank does not assume credit risk to that counterparty.

To minimize the risk of credit losses, for non-customer bilateral derivatives, AgriBank deals only with counterparties that have an investment-grade or better credit rating from a rating agency and AgriBank monitors the credit standing and levels of exposure to individual counterparties. At March 31, 2015 AgriBank

does not anticipate nonperformance by any of these counterparties. AgriBank typically enters into master agreements that contain netting provisions. These provisions allow AgriBank to require the net settlement of covered contracts with the same counterparty in the event of default by the counterparty on one or more contracts. All derivative contracts are supported by bilateral collateral agreements with counterparties requiring AgriBank or the counterparty to post collateral in the event certain dollar thresholds of exposure of one party to the other are reached. These thresholds vary depending on the counterparty's current credit rating.

AgriBank may also clear derivative transactions through a futures commission merchant (FCM) with a clearinghouse or a central counterparty (CCP). When the swap is cleared by the two parties, the single bilateral swap is divided into two separate swaps with the CCP becoming the counterparty to both of the initial parties to the swap. CCPs have several layers of protection against default including margin, member capital contributions and FCM guarantees of their customers' transactions with the CCP. FCMs also pre-qualify the counterparties to all swaps that are sent to the CCP from a credit perspective, setting limits for each counterparty and collecting initial and variation margin daily from each counterparty for changes in the value of cleared derivatives. The margin collected from both parties to the swap protects against credit risk in the event a counterparty defaults. The initial and variation margin requirements are set by and held for the benefit of the CCP. Additional initial margin may be required and held by the FCM, due to its guarantees of its customers' trades with the CCP. At March 31, 2015, initial margin pledged to counterparties was \$11.4 million and variation margin pledged to counterparties was \$22.6 million, compared to initial margin pledged to counterparties of \$8.0 million and variation margin pledged to counterparties of \$14.0 million as of December 31, 2014.

AgriBank's derivative activities are monitored by its Asset-Liability Committee (ALCO) as part of the Committee's oversight of AgriBank's asset/liability and treasury functions. The hedging strategies that are developed within limits established by AgriBank's Board of Directors through analysis of data derived from financial simulation models and other internal and industry sources. The resulting hedging strategies are then incorporated into overall interest rate risk-management strategies.

One affiliated Association is party to derivative financial instruments called to-be-announced (TBAs) securities to manage exposure to interest rate risk and changes in the fair value of forward loans held for sale and the interest rate lock commitments that are determined prior to funding. TBAs are measured in terms of notional amounts. The notional amount is not exchanged and is used as a basis on which interest payments are determined.

Accounting for Derivatives

Fair-Value Hedges: For derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as a fair value hedge, the gain or loss on the derivative as well as the offsetting gain or loss on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk are recognized in current earnings. AgriBank includes the gain or loss on the derivative in the same line item ("Interest expense") as the offsetting gain or loss on the related hedged item. Gains and losses on derivatives representing hedge components excluded from the assessment of effectiveness are recorded in current period earnings in "Miscellaneous income and other gains, net" on the Combined Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Cash Flow Hedges: For derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as a cash flow hedge, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the derivative is reported as a component of other comprehensive (loss) income, until earnings are affected by the variability of the cash flows of the hedged transaction. Gains and losses on the derivatives representing hedge components excluded from the assessment of effectiveness

are recorded in current period earnings in “Miscellaneous income and other gains, net” on the Combined Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Derivatives not Designated as Hedges: For derivatives not designated as a hedging instrument, the related change in fair value is recorded in current period earnings in “Miscellaneous income and other gains, net” on the Combined Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Financial Statement Impact of Derivatives

The following tables present the gross fair value, offsetting and net exposure amounts of derivative assets and derivative liabilities. The fair value of derivative contracts are presented as “Derivative assets” and “Derivative liabilities” on the Combined Statements of Condition, and are presented net for counterparties with master netting agreements.

(in thousands)	March 31, 2015		December 31, 2014	
	Fair Value Assets	Fair Value Liabilities	Fair Value Assets	Fair Value Liabilities
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:				
Receive-fixed swaps	\$35,050	\$ --	\$35,460	\$77
Pay-fixed and amortizing pay-fixed swaps	1,344	84,677	4,102	63,787
Floating-for-floating and amortizing floating-for-floating swaps	--	4,194	--	5,114
Other derivative products	--	36	--	--
Total derivatives designated as hedging instruments	36,394	88,907	39,562	68,978
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:				
Pay-fixed and amortizing pay-fixed swaps	--	447	--	93
Other derivative products	634	--	265	--
Total derivatives not designated as hedging instruments	634	447	265	93
Credit valuation adjustments	113	--	82	--
Total gross amounts of derivatives	\$37,141	\$89,354	\$39,909	\$69,071
Gross amounts offset in Combined Statements of Condition	(24,085)	(24,085)	(24,509)	(24,509)
Net amounts in Combined Statements of Condition	\$13,056	\$65,269	\$15,400	\$44,562

(in thousands)	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Derivative assets, net	\$13,056	\$15,400
Derivative liabilities, net	(65,269)	(44,562)
Accrued interest on derivatives, net	(3,449)	285
Gross amounts not offset in Combined Statements of Condition:		
Cash collateral pledged by counterparties	(7,280)	(7,280)
Cash collateral pledged to counterparties	33,959	22,018
Net exposure amounts	\$(28,983)	\$(14,139)

The fair value of derivatives includes credit valuation adjustments (CVA). The CVA reflects credit risk of each derivative counterparty to which AgriBank has exposure, net of any collateral posted by the counterparty, and an adjustment for AgriBank’s credit worthiness where the counterparty has exposure to AgriBank. The change in the CVA for the period is included in “Miscellaneous income and other gains, net” on the Combined Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Fair-Value Hedges: AgriBank recorded \$183 thousand of gains for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to \$34 thousand for the same period in 2014 related to receive-fixed swaps which are designated as fair value hedging instruments on the Combined Statements of Comprehensive Income. The gains and losses on the derivative instruments are recognized in “Interest expense” on the Combined Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Cash Flow Hedges: The following table presents the amount of other comprehensive income (OCI) recognized on derivatives, the amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) into earnings on effective cash flow hedges and amounts excluded from effectiveness testing. These net losses reclassified into earnings are expected to reduce net interest income related to the respective hedged items.

(in thousands)			
	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in OCI on Derivatives (Effective Portion)	Amount of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI into Income (Effective Portion)	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivatives (Ineffective Portion) and Amount Excluded from Effectiveness Testing
For the three months ended March 31, 2015			
Cash Flow Hedging Relationships			
Pay-fixed and amortizing pay-fixed swaps	\$ (23,258)	\$ (12)	\$ --
Floating-for-floating and amortizing floating-for-floating swaps	530	--	--
Other derivative products	(36)	(36)	--
Total	\$ (22,764)	\$ (48)	\$ --

(in thousands)			
	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in OCI on Derivatives (Effective Portion)	Amount of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI into Income (Effective Portion)	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivatives (Ineffective Portion) and Amount Excluded from Effectiveness Testing
For the three months ended March 31, 2014			
Cash Flow Hedging Relationships			
Pay-fixed and amortizing pay-fixed swaps	\$ (21,753)	\$ 122	\$ 1
Floating-for-floating and amortizing floating-for-floating swaps	270	--	--
Other derivative products	--	(74)	--
Total	\$ (21,483)	\$ 48	\$ 1

Derivatives not Designated as Hedges: For the three months ended March 31, 2015, AgriBank and one affiliated Association recorded \$228 thousand of net losses related to pay-fixed swaps and TBAs, which are not designated as hedging instruments on the Combined Statements of Comprehensive Income. This was compared to \$45 thousand of net gains related to TBAs and receive-fixed swaps for the same period in 2014. The gains and losses on the derivative instruments are recognized in “Miscellaneous income and other gains, net” on the Combined Statements of Comprehensive Income.

NOTE 9

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

Changes in Components of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

(in thousands)	Not-other-than-temporarily-impaired Investments	Other-than-temporarily-impaired Investments	Derivatives and Hedging Activity	Employee Benefit Plans Activity	Total
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$(1,245)	\$10,252	\$463	\$(324,020)	\$(314,550)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	12,095	7,419	(21,483)	--	(1,969)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	-	150	(48)	6,778	6,880
Net other comprehensive income (loss)	12,095	7,569	(21,531)	6,778	4,911
Balance at March 31, 2014	<u>\$10,850</u>	<u>\$17,821</u>	<u>\$(21,068)</u>	<u>\$(317,242)</u>	<u>\$(309,639)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$4,687	\$15,191	\$(64,861)	\$(504,722)	\$(549,705)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	15,227	385	(22,764)	(7)	(7,159)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	259	(513)	48	10,509	10,303
Net other comprehensive income (loss)	15,486	(128)	(22,716)	10,502	3,144
Balance at March 31, 2015	<u>\$20,173</u>	<u>\$15,063</u>	<u>\$(87,577)</u>	<u>\$(494,220)</u>	<u>\$(546,561)</u>

Reclassifications Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

(in thousands)	Amount Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income		Affected Line Item in the Combined Statements of Comprehensive Income
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Components	2015	2014	
For the three months ended March 31,			
Not-other-than-temporarily-impaired investments:			
Impairment losses	\$73	\$ --	Net impairment losses recognized in earnings
Realized loss on sale of investment securities	186	--	Miscellaneous income and other gains, net
	<u>\$259</u>	<u>\$ --</u>	
Other-than-temporarily-impaired investments:			
Impairment losses	--	150	Net impairment losses recognized in earnings
Realized gain on sale of investment securities	(513)	--	Miscellaneous income and other gains, net
	<u>(513)</u>	<u>150</u>	
Derivatives and hedging activity:			
Interest rate contracts	48	(48)	Interest expense
Employee benefit plans activity:			
Prior service cost	(431)	(497)	Salaries and employee benefits
Actuarial loss	10,940	7,275	Salaries and employee benefits
	<u>10,509</u>	<u>6,778</u>	
Total reclassifications	<u>\$10,303</u>	<u>\$6,880</u>	

NOTE 10

AgriBank Only Financial Data

Statements of Condition

(in thousands)	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Net loans	\$75,526,489	\$77,533,635
Other assets	16,424,136	16,891,759
Total assets	<u>\$91,950,625</u>	<u>\$94,425,394</u>
Total liabilities	\$87,002,684	89,509,349
Total shareholders' equity	4,947,941	4,916,045
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	<u>\$91,950,625</u>	<u>\$94,425,394</u>

Statements of Income

(in thousands)	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
Interest income	362,925	\$341,718
Interest expense	234,720	214,737
Net interest income	128,205	126,981
Provision for loan losses	2,000	500
Other income, net	(2,351)	4,611
Net income	<u>\$123,854</u>	<u>\$131,092</u>
Patronage	\$68,933	\$79,890
Preferred stock dividends	4,297	4,297

Substantially all patronage is paid to affiliated Associations and is eliminated in combination.

NOTE 11

Subsequent Events

We have evaluated subsequent events through May 8, 2015, which is the date the Combined Financial Statements were available to be issued. There have been no material subsequent events that would require recognition in the Quarterly Combined Financial Statements or disclosure in the Notes to those Combined Financial Statements.



30 East 7th Street, Suite 1600 | St. Paul, MN 55101 | www.AgriBank.com