



Cultivating the next century of agriculture

**AgriBank District 2016 Quarterly Report
September 30, 2016**

AgriBank, FCB and affiliated Associations

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

AgriBank, FCB and affiliated Associations

The following discussion is a review of the combined financial position and results of operations of AgriBank, FCB (AgriBank) and affiliated Associations which are part of the Farm Credit System (the System). This information should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Combined Financial Statements, the Notes to the Combined Financial Statements and the 2015 Annual Report.

AgriBank is a funding Bank that supports and is primarily owned by 17 affiliated Farm Credit Associations. The District has over \$115 billion in assets. The District covers America's Midwest, a 15-state area stretching from Wyoming to Ohio and Minnesota to Arkansas. About half of the nation's cropland is located within the AgriBank District. In this position, with its prime location in America's agricultural heartland and over 100 years of experience, AgriBank and affiliated Associations are respected partners for rural America based on our collective expertise in providing financial products and services for rural communities and agriculture.

In June, the Boards of Directors of two affiliated Associations, AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA and United FCS, ACA, made a strategic decision to pursue a merger of the organizations. A number of additional regulatory and procedural steps need to be completed before customer-owners have the opportunity to vote on the merger in early 2017. If approved, the targeted effective merger date is July 1, 2017.

In August, the Boards of Directors of three affiliated Associations, 1st Farm Credit Services, ACA, AgStar Financial Services, ACA, and Badgerland Financial, ACA, unanimously voted in favor of recommending a merger to their client-owners. A number of additional regulatory and procedural steps need to be completed before client-owners have the opportunity to vote on the merger in early 2017. If approved, the targeted effective merger date is April 1, 2017. A merger application was filed with the Farm Credit Administration in the third quarter 2016.

Forward-Looking Information

Any forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report are based on current expectations and are subject to uncertainty and changes in circumstances. Actual results may differ materially from expectations due to a number of risks and uncertainties. More information about these risks and uncertainties is contained in the District's 2015 Annual Report. AgriBank and affiliated Associations undertake no duty to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Financial Overview

Net interest income from core lending activities increased across the District for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 resulting in net income of \$1.3 billion, an increase of \$11.6 million, or 0.9 percent from results achieved over the same period one year ago. Increased net interest income was significantly offset by increases in provision for credit losses, a decline in mineral income and increases in both Farm Credit System insurance expense and operating expenses. Refer to the Results of Operations section for further discussion.

Loan portfolio credit quality remains sound and robust capital levels ensure AgriBank and affiliated Associations are well positioned to manage the cyclical nature that is characteristic of the agricultural market. Refer to the Loan Portfolio and Funding, Liquidity and Shareholders' Equity sections for further discussion.

Economic Conditions

Interest Rate Environment

U.S. economic activity is expected to continue advancing at a steady pace as consumer spending remains resilient and international headwinds begin to subside. For 2017, the U.S. economy is forecasted to grow at 2.1 percent due to continued growth in consumer spending as the economy reaches full employment. A strong dollar is reducing demand for U.S. exports and could be a hindrance to economic growth if the dollar continues to strengthen.

After seven years of accommodative monetary policy, in December 2015 the Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) of the Federal Reserve raised the target range for the federal funds rate by 25 basis points (bps), in an effort to kick-start the process toward normalization in the level of interest rates. The path for federal funds rates is expected to remain data-dependent and, according to Federal Reserve communication, anticipated economic conditions will warrant only very gradual increases in policy rates. The consensus forecast of economists suggests that the FOMC will increase the federal funds rate by an additional 75 bps before the end of 2017. Accommodative monetary policies by central banks are constraining longer term interest rates in developed markets around the world. As such, long term U.S. Treasury rates are expected to increase by a lesser amount, approximately 40 bps before the end of 2017.

AgriBank manages interest rate risk consistent with policies established by the Board of Directors and limits established by AgriBank's Asset and Liability Committee (ALCO) (refer to Interest Rate Risk Management section). While many factors can impact net interest income, it is management's expectation that financial performance will remain relatively consistent under most interest rate environments over the next 12 months.

Agricultural Conditions

The U.S. Department of Agriculture's Economic Research Service (USDA) projects both net cash and net farm income to decline for the third consecutive year in 2016, after reaching a record high in 2013. Revised net farm income is projected to fall by 11.5 percent to \$71.5 billion for 2016 compared to revised final 2015 estimates. This decrease is primarily attributable to a sharp decline in both crop and livestock cash receipts, driven by lower prices across most major grain and livestock categories. Conversely, the lower prices contribute to lower expenses for both feed and feeder animals for livestock and dairy production. Additionally, lower crude oil prices have contributed to lower energy costs and lower prices for inputs, such as fertilizer. While still strong, the aggregate farm debt-to-asset ratio is expected to moderately decline to 12.4 percent compared to a historic low of 11.3 percent in 2012.

For U.S. agriculture, the increased value of the U.S. dollar has reduced U.S. export competitiveness versus international competitors. To date, however, this impact has been limited. Of longer term concern to U.S. agricultural exports is the potential downside risks to global economic growth in developed economies. Slowly rising crude oil prices and an eventual decline in the U.S. dollar should improve the demand situation; however, the recovery is likely to be slow and steady over several years.

Updated Industry Conditions

The following are industry conditions for which AgriBank has updated our outlook since December 31, 2015. For further analysis of industry conditions which have not experienced a change in outlook since December 31, 2015, refer to the Agricultural Conditions section of Management's Discussion and Analysis of the 2015 Annual Report.

Cow-Calf

The USDA estimates the U.S. beef cow herd has increased 3.5 percent compared to the prior year as a result of capacity added by cow-calf operations in recent years to meet feedlot demand. Despite expectations that the credit quality of the District's cow-calf portfolio will remain strong, the increase in supply and resulting price decline are expected to have an overall negative impact on producers which is not expected to be overcome by the consumer level response to lower retail beef prices. Based on these conditions, the cow-calf outlook as of September 30, 2016 was neutral-to-negative, compared to the positive outlook discussed in the 2015 Annual Report.

Timber

Housing starts have increased year over year, consumer confidence remains cautiously optimistic and the U.S. labor market has continued to improve, all of which have contributed to timber customers, especially mills, showing strong profits. These factors are slightly offset by the strength of the U.S. Dollar which has increased timber imports and caused some price compression. Based on these overall conditions, the timber outlook as of September 30, 2016 was positive-to-neutral, compared to the neutral outlook discussed in the 2015 Annual Report.

Pork

The USDA projects the average 2016 hog price to decline 8.1 percent compared to the prior year primarily driven by increasing supply of market hogs due to ongoing improvement in production practices, genetics, and less impact from disease. Operating margins have declined below break-even levels during 2016 and are projected to remain low through the first quarter of 2017. This decline in hog prices has been partially offset by the lower feed costs. Risk management strategies are common across the industry and may help mitigate the negative impact of declining pork prices on operating margins. Based on these overall conditions, the pork outlook as of September 30, 2016 was neutral-to-negative, compared to the neutral outlook discussed in the 2015 Annual Report.

Land Values

The AgriBank District continues to closely monitor agricultural land values. As part of this monitoring, the District conducts an annual Benchmark Survey, completed by licensed real estate appraisers, of a sample of benchmark farms selected to represent the lending footprint of the affiliated Associations throughout the District. The District's most recent real estate market value survey indicated that District real estate value changes ranged from a decrease of 10.5 percent to an increase of 10.6 percent over the twelve-month period ending June 30, 2016.

Qualitative surveys of lending officers compiled by the Federal Reserve Banks of Chicago, Kansas City, and St. Louis as of the end of the second quarter 2016 indicated declining farmland values. The Federal Reserve Bank surveys cited a year-over-year change in the average value of non-irrigated farmland from a decrease of 0.7 percent to a decrease of 3.0 percent.

The USDA 2016 land value survey, released August 2016 and based primarily on agricultural producer opinions, indicated a 0.3 percent decrease in farmland values and a 1.0 percent decrease in cropland values in the AgriBank District. States heavily concentrated in corn, soybeans, and wheat production experienced declines in cropland values.

Declining land values are a potential lending risk following periods of sustained, rapid land value increases. Nominal and real (inflation-adjusted) agricultural land values increased in proportions greater than other asset classes such as stocks and urban residential and commercial land during the past decade. This is largely because the agricultural sector, particularly crop farming, remained profitable throughout the economic crisis period, and demand for agricultural income-producing land remained strong. However, with continued low commodity price forecasts, moderation of land values is expected to continue.

AgriBank District credit risk policies focus on loan repayment capacity in addition to conservative loan-to-value levels (LTVs) on the collateral that secures loans. Although FCA regulations allow real estate mortgage loans of up to 85 percent of appraised value, the underwriting standards of AgriBank and affiliated Associations generally limit lending to no more than 65 percent at origination. Due to very strong land values in much of the District in recent years, many affiliated Associations implemented risk management practices that incorporate loan-to-appraised value thresholds below the 65 percent level. In addition, many District lenders impose lending caps per acre based on the land's sustainable income-producing capacity. While underwriting exceptions on loan-to-appraised-value are sometimes granted, in such cases, loans are typically structured with shorter amortization schedules and/or additional principal payments in the early years to reduce risk.

Loan Portfolio

Components of Loans	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
(in thousands)		
Accrual loans:		
Real estate mortgage	\$55,059,315	\$52,884,753
Production and intermediate term	25,142,669	25,472,420
Agribusiness	9,681,967	8,772,556
Rural residential real estate	2,770,661	2,797,025
Other	4,388,216	4,500,616
Nonaccrual loans	703,358	517,009
Total loans	97,746,186	\$94,944,379

The Other category is primarily comprised of communication and energy related loans, certain assets originated under the Mission Related Investment authority and loans to AgriBank's other financing institutions (OFIs), as well as finance leases.

District loans totaled \$97.7 billion at September 30, 2016, a \$2.8 billion, or 3.0 percent, increase from December 31, 2015. The increase in total loans was primarily driven by the real estate mortgage portfolio as well as large multiple lender credits in the agribusiness sector at most affiliated Associations. Production and intermediate term loan volume increased during the second and third quarters of 2016 due to seasonal draws to fund operations; however, overall production and intermediate term volume remains below elevated year-end 2015 balances due to draws made for tax planning purposes and subsequent repayments made in the first quarter of 2016.

Credit quality across the District declined to 93.2 percent of the portfolio classified in the acceptable category, compared to 95.8 percent at December 31, 2015. Due to continued low commodity prices and the current economic conditions, the District observed an increase in adverse credit quality, delinquencies and related allowance for loan losses, compared to December 31, 2015. Adversely classified loans were 3.4 percent at September 30, 2016, compared to 2.1 percent at December 31, 2015 and are expected to continue to increase as the District moves through this agriculture efficiency cycle. Substandard and doubtful loans, collectively called adverse loans, are loans AgriBank and affiliated Associations have identified as showing some credit weakness outside typical credit standards.

Components of Risk Assets	September 30,	December 31,
(in thousands)	2016	2015
Nonaccrual loans	\$703,358	\$517,009
Accruing restructured loans	74,934	65,233
Accruing loans 90 days or more past due	21,267	11,096
Total risk loans	799,559	593,338
Other property owned	12,655	13,051
Total risk assets	\$812,214	\$606,389
Risk loans as a % of total loans	0.82%	0.62%
Nonaccrual loans as a % of total loans	0.72%	0.54%
Delinquencies as a % of total loans	0.49%	0.44%

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

Risk assets have increased from December 31, 2015, but remain at acceptable levels. At September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, 61.4 percent of nonaccrual loans were current as to principal and interest. Nonaccrual loans have increased from historical lows, primarily due to low commodity prices and current agricultural economic conditions.

AgriBank's and affiliated Associations' policies require loans past due 90 days to be transferred into nonaccrual status unless adequately secured and in the process of collection. Based on AgriBank's and affiliated Associations' analyses, all accruing loans 90 days or more past due were eligible to remain in accruing status at September 30, 2016.

Allowance Coverage Ratios	September 30,	December 31,
	2016	2015
Allowance as a % of:		
Loans	0.39%	0.30%
Nonaccrual loans	54.33%	55.26%
Total risk loans	47.79%	48.15%
Net charge-offs as a % of average loans	0.02%	0.03%
Adverse assets as a % of risk funds*	16.45%	10.37%

*Risk funds includes total capital and allowance for loan losses.

The allowance for loan losses is an estimate of losses on loans in the portfolio as of the financial statement date. AgriBank and affiliated Associations determine the appropriate level of allowance for loan losses based on the periodic evaluation of factors such as loan loss history, estimated probability of default, estimated loss severity, portfolio quality and current economic and environmental conditions. The allowance for loan losses increased from December 31, 2015, to \$382.1 million as of September 30, 2016, as a result of additional

provision for loan losses of \$113.6 million primarily related to increases in commodity related industry reserves due to current commodity prices and agricultural economic conditions, as well as slight deterioration in credit quality throughout the District. The provision for loan losses was partially offset by net charge-offs of \$17.2 million. The management of AgriBank and each affiliated Association, respectively, believe the allowance for loan losses is reasonable in relation to the risk in the portfolios at September 30, 2016.

Funding, Liquidity and Shareholders' Equity

AgriBank is responsible for meeting the District's funding, liquidity and asset/liability management needs. Access to the unsecured debt capital markets remains the District's primary source of liquidity. The System continues to have reliable access to the debt capital markets to support its mission of providing credit to farmers, ranchers and other eligible borrowers. During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, investor demand for System-wide debt securities remained favorable.

AgriBank also maintains a secondary source of liquidity through a high-quality investment portfolio and other short-term liquid assets. AgriBank manages liquidity for operating and debt repayment needs through managing debt maturities, as well as forecasting and anticipating seasonal demands. AgriBank maintains maturing investments and bank balances of at least \$500 million on hand each day to meet cash management and loan disbursements needs in the normal course of business.

The composition of the liquidity investment portfolio is structured to meet both regulatory requirements and operational demands within the District. Specifically, AgriBank provides at least 15 days of liquidity coverage from cash, overnight investments and U.S. Treasury securities less than three years in maturity. Other short-term money market investments, as well as government and agency mortgage-backed securities (MBS), are positioned to cover regulatory requirements for 30- and 90-day intervals. Additionally, a supplemental liquidity buffer provides days coverage in excess of 90 days from money market instruments greater than 90 days in maturity and asset-backed securities (ABS). At September 30, 2016, AgriBank held qualifying assets in excess of each incremental level to meet the liquidity coverage intervals.

Farm Credit Administration (FCA) regulations require maintaining a minimum of 90 days of liquidity on a continuous basis. The days of liquidity measurement refers to the number of days that maturing debt is covered by liquid investments. As of September 30, 2016, AgriBank had sufficient liquidity to fund all debt maturing within 144 days.

AgriBank maintains a contingency funding plan (CFP) that helps inform operating and funding needs and addresses actions that would be considered in the event that there is not ready access to traditional funding sources. These potential actions include borrowing overnight via federal funds, using investment securities as collateral to borrow, using the proceeds from maturing investments and selling liquid investments. AgriBank sizes the investment portfolio using the CFP to cover all operating and funding needs for a minimum of 30 days with a targeted \$500 million buffer.

Total shareholders' equity at September 30, 2016 was \$20.4 billion, a \$1.1 billion increase from December 31, 2015. Shareholders' equity increased primarily due to comprehensive income for the period, partially offset by earnings reserved for patronage distributions and preferred stock dividends.

^{1st} Farm Credit Services, ACA and Badgerland Financial, ACA made nonqualified patronage allocations of \$90.0 million during the period ended September 30, 2016. The nonqualified patronage allocation is based on a determination by the respective Boards of Directors that surplus from 2015 patronage-sourced earnings can

be allocated to eligible borrowers while still maintaining a sound capital position at each Association. The timing and amounts of all future allocated surplus redemptions is at the discretion of the Boards of Directors, subject to compliance with applicable regulatory requirements. These patronage equities have no voting rights and are only transferable if specifically authorized by the Boards of Directors.

At September 30, 2016, AgriBank and each affiliated Association exceeded the regulatory minimum capital ratios. Refer to the Additional Regulatory Information section as well as Note 4 in the accompanying Combined Financial Statements for further discussion of capital ratios and the revised regulations.

On July 15, 2016, AgriBank redeemed all \$500 million of outstanding subordinated notes at par value following FCA notification of certain changes to regulatory capital requirements.

Results of Operations

District net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$1.3 billion, a 0.9 percent increase, compared to the same period in 2015. The return on average assets was 1.5 percent for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to 1.6 percent for the same period in 2015.

Changes in Significant Components of Net Income

(in thousands)	Increase (Decrease) in		
For the nine months ended September 30,	2016	2015	Net Income
Net interest income	\$2,135,675	\$2,009,263	\$126,412
Provision for credit losses	120,705	57,625	(63,080)
Non-interest income	199,560	209,774	(10,214)
Non-interest expense	871,915	817,307	(54,608)
Provision for income taxes	11,286	24,369	13,083
Net income	\$1,331,329	\$1,319,736	\$11,593

Net interest income (NII) for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 increased \$126.4 million, or 6.3 percent, compared to the same period in 2015. NII was positively impacted primarily by an increase in loan volume. This positive influence on NII was partially offset by increases in rates paid on interest bearing liabilities, which outpaced increases in retail rates primarily due to competitive pressures.

Changes in NII

(in thousands)	2016 vs 2015		
For the nine months ended September 30,	Volume	Rate	Total
Increase (decrease) due to:			
Interest income:			
Loans	\$228,509	\$23,075	\$251,584
Investments and other earning assets	1,223	35,192	36,415
Total interest income	\$229,732	\$58,267	\$287,999
Interest expense:			
Systemwide debt securities and other	(55,185)	(106,402)	(161,587)
Net change in net interest income	\$174,547	\$(48,135)	\$126,412

Information regarding the year-to-date average daily balances (ADB) and annualized average rates earned and paid on the portfolio follows:

(in thousands)		2016			2015		
For the nine months ended September 30,		ADB	Rate	NII	ADB	Rate	NII
Interest earning assets:							
Accrual loans		\$95,297,594	4.00%	\$2,859,667	\$87,756,953	3.97%	\$2,611,281
Nonaccrual loans		597,303	6.14%	27,485	528,156	5.99%	23,725
Investment securities and federal funds		17,667,828	1.08%	142,814	17,470,835	0.82%	107,300
Other earning assets		31,427	4.29%	1,010	20,348	4.39%	671
Total earning assets		113,594,152	3.56%	3,030,976	105,776,292	3.46%	2,742,977
Interest bearing liabilities		94,343,334	1.26%	895,301	88,124,740	1.11%	733,714
Interest rate spread		\$19,250,818	2.30%		\$17,651,552	2.35%	
Impact of equity financing			0.21%			0.18%	
Net interest margin			2.51%			2.53%	
Net interest income				\$2,135,675			\$2,009,263

Net interest margin decreased two basis points over the same period last year driven by compression of net interest rate spreads earned on loans due to portfolio composition and competitive pressures. In general, operating loans, which are typically variable rate, have the highest spreads. Longer term fixed rate loans generally carry narrower spreads. As the product mix changes between operating and real estate or intermediate term loans and competition increases, the interest rate spreads earned may change accordingly.

The District's provision for credit losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$120.7 million, compared to \$57.6 million for the same period in 2015. The provision for credit losses reflects the change in the estimated losses in the loan portfolios during these periods. Refer to the Loan Portfolio section for further discussion.

The decrease in non-interest income was primarily due to a decline in mineral income for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the same period of 2015, a result of continued low oil prices. AgriBank anticipates 2016 oil prices will remain below 2015 levels. These decreases were partially offset by increased loan prepayment and fee income for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the same period of 2015.

The increase in non-interest expense was primarily due to increased Farm Credit System Insurance Corporation (FCSIC) expense. The change was due to increases in the premium rate charged on accrual loans by FCSIC from 13 basis points in 2015 to 16 basis points for the first half and 18 basis points for the second half of 2016.

The decrease in the provision for income taxes was primarily due to a decrease in taxable income driven by increased provision for loan losses.

Additional Regulatory Information

Regulatory Capital Requirements

On March 10, 2016, the FCA Board approved a final rule to modify the regulatory capital requirements for System Banks and Associations. The stated objectives of the rule are to:

- Modernize capital requirements while ensuring that institutions continue to hold sufficient regulatory capital to fulfill their mission as a government-sponsored enterprise

- Ensure that the System’s capital requirements are comparable to the Basel III framework and the standardized approach that the federal banking regulatory agencies have adopted, but also to ensure that the rules recognize the cooperative structure and the organization of the System
- Make System regulatory capital requirements more transparent
- Meet the requirements of section 939A of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act

The final rule replaces existing core surplus and total surplus ratios with common equity tier 1, tier 1 and total capital risk-based capital ratios. The final rule also replaces the existing net collateral ratio with a tier 1 leverage ratio and is applicable to all banks and associations. The permanent capital ratio continues to remain in effect with the final rule. Refer to Note 4 of the accompanying Combined Financial Statements for additional information regarding the revised capital ratios. The effective date of the new capital requirements is January 1, 2017. AgriBank and affiliated Associations are currently evaluating the impact of the changes.

The final rule to modify regulatory capital requirements changes the capital treatment of AgriBank’s subordinated notes. The terms of AgriBank’s subordinated notes provide that, at any time following FCA notification of certain changes to regulatory capital requirements, the subordinated notes are redeemable in whole at par on any interest payment date. On July 15, 2016, AgriBank redeemed all \$500 million of outstanding subordinated notes at par value. AgriBank’s permanent capital, total surplus and net collateral ratios all declined as a result of this redemption, but remain above required levels as of September 30, 2016.

Investment Securities Eligibility

On June 12, 2014, the FCA Board approved a proposed rule to revise the requirements governing the eligibility of investment securities for System Banks and Associations. The stated objectives of the proposed rule are to:

- Strengthen the safety and soundness of System Banks and Associations
- Ensure that System Banks hold sufficient liquidity to continue operations and pay maturing obligations in the event of market disruption
- Enhance the ability of the System Banks to supply credit to agricultural and aquatic producers
- Comply with the requirements of section 939A of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act
- Modernize the investment eligibility criteria for System Banks
- Revise the investment regulation for System Associations to improve their investment management practices so they are more resilient to risk

The public comment period ended on October 23, 2014. The proposed rule is currently on FCA’s Unified Agenda of Regulations and Reviews for 2017.

Other Matters

Effective August 1, 2016, William J. Thone was named interim Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of AgriBank following the departure of Bill York, who left AgriBank as CEO on July 25, 2016. Mr. Thone began his Farm Credit career at the Farm Credit Bank of St. Louis in 1979. In 1999, Mr. Thone was named AgriBank's vice president and general counsel responsible for board secretary duties and governance oversight, as well as corporate legal counsel and management of the Bank's legal team. As vice president and general counsel, Mr. Thone was also a member of AgriBank's executive leadership team until his retirement in 2015.

AgriBank's financial position remains strong its strategic direction remains unchanged. The focus of AgriBank's business remains on creating competitive advantages for affiliated Farm Credit Associations, so they can provide the best financial solutions for farmers and ranchers. The board's search for the new CEO continues and will focus on the leadership necessary to carry AgriBank's strategic direction forward.

Certification

The undersigned have reviewed the September 30, 2016 Quarterly Report of AgriBank, FCB and affiliated Associations, which has been prepared under the oversight of the AgriBank Audit Committee and in accordance with all applicable statutory or regulatory requirements. The information contained herein is true, accurate and complete to the best of the District's knowledge and belief.



Matthew D. Walther
Chair of the Board
AgriBank, FCB
November 9, 2016



William J. Thone
Interim Chief Executive Officer
AgriBank, FCB
November 9, 2016



Brian J. O'Keane
Executive Vice President, Banking and Finance and Chief Financial Officer
AgriBank, FCB
November 9, 2016

Combined Statements of Condition

AgriBank, FCB and affiliated Associations

<i>(in thousands)</i> <i>(unaudited)</i>	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Assets		
Loans	\$97,746,186	\$94,944,379
Allowance for loan losses	382,100	285,711
Net loans	97,364,086	94,658,668
Investment securities - AgriBank, FCB	15,319,181	14,262,883
Investment securities - affiliated Associations	1,890,241	1,704,159
Cash	351,515	596,730
Federal funds	685,000	1,427,125
Accrued interest receivable	1,250,440	974,722
Premises and equipment, net	502,484	484,646
Deferred tax assets, net	19,973	16,543
Assets held for lease, net	415,335	514,461
Derivative assets	1,807	777
Other property owned	12,655	13,051
Cash collateral pledged to counterparties	133,351	33,323
Other assets	221,079	245,914
Total assets	\$118,167,147	\$114,933,002
Liabilities		
Bonds and notes	\$96,066,019	\$93,404,251
Subordinated notes	99,583	597,775
Accrued interest payable	252,759	231,858
Derivative liabilities	156,779	52,034
Deferred tax liabilities, net	118,272	142,059
Accounts payable	191,900	191,841
Patronage and dividends payable	150,276	287,687
Post-employment liability	501,484	515,954
Other liabilities	216,733	224,774
Total liabilities	97,753,805	95,648,233
Commitments and contingencies (Note 6)		
Shareholders' equity		
Perpetual preferred stock	350,000	350,000
Capital stock and participation certificates	268,865	268,697
Allocated surplus	510,609	406,758
Unallocated surplus	19,882,167	18,824,372
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(657,732)	(616,099)
Noncontrolling interest	59,433	51,041
Total shareholders' equity	20,413,342	19,284,769
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$118,167,147	\$114,933,002

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined financial statements.

Combined Statements of Comprehensive Income

AgriBank, FCB and affiliated Associations

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

For the periods ended September 30,	Three months		Nine months	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Interest income				
Loans	\$981,750	\$903,972	\$2,887,152	\$2,635,568
Investment securities and other earning assets	50,558	35,105	143,824	107,409
Total interest income	1,032,308	939,077	3,030,976	2,742,977
Interest expense	303,204	253,134	895,301	733,714
Net interest income	729,104	685,943	2,135,675	2,009,263
Provision for credit losses	25,809	30,665	120,705	57,625
Net interest income after provision for credit losses	703,295	655,278	2,014,970	1,951,638
Non-interest income				
Financially related services	52,884	55,482	92,780	93,609
Mineral income	10,182	14,275	27,397	44,841
Loan prepayment and fee income	11,814	9,930	46,280	39,017
Miscellaneous income and other gains, net	6,991	8,305	33,103	32,307
Total non-interest income	81,871	87,992	199,560	209,774
Non-interest expense				
Salaries and employee benefits	174,274	167,305	513,884	498,843
Other operating expenses	75,130	71,969	217,220	207,898
Occupancy expense	11,798	11,332	34,864	32,907
Farm Credit System insurance expense	38,680	26,077	105,947	76,966
Net impairment losses recognized in earnings	--	620	--	693
Total non-interest expense	299,882	277,303	871,915	817,307
Income before income taxes	485,284	465,967	1,342,615	1,344,105
(Benefit from) provision for income taxes	(1,425)	1,207	11,286	24,369
Net income	\$486,709	\$464,760	\$1,331,329	\$1,319,736
Other comprehensive (loss) income				
Investments available-for-sale:				
Not-other-than-temporarily-impaired investments	\$(22,112)	\$7,500	\$38,113	\$12,099
Other-than-temporarily-impaired investments	(4,245)	813	(10,561)	(2,176)
Derivatives and hedging activity	17,513	(46,125)	(97,748)	(25,137)
Employee benefit plans activity	9,521	10,509	28,563	31,526
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	677	(27,303)	(41,633)	16,312
Comprehensive income	\$487,386	\$437,457	\$1,289,696	\$1,336,048

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined financial statements.

Combined Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

AgriBank, FCB and affiliated Associations

<i>(in thousands)</i> <i>(Unaudited)</i>	Perpetual Preferred Stock	Capital Stock and Participation Certificates	Allocated Surplus	Unallocated Surplus	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Noncontrolling Interest	Total
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$350,000	\$266,420	\$371,004	\$17,368,747	\$(549,705)	\$42,616	\$17,849,082
Noncontrolling interest equity investment						6,579	6,579
Net income				1,319,736			1,319,736
Other comprehensive income					16,312		16,312
Patronage				(80,598)			(80,598)
Surplus allocated under nonqualified patronage program			46,883	(46,883)			-
Redemption of surplus allocated under nonqualified patronage program			(27,117)				(27,117)
Perpetual preferred stock dividends				(19,641)			(19,641)
Capital stock/participation certificates issued		15,773					15,773
Capital stock/participation certificates retired		(14,018)					(14,018)
Balance at September 30, 2015	\$350,000	\$268,175	\$390,770	\$18,541,361	\$(533,393)	\$49,195	\$19,066,108
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$350,000	\$268,697	\$406,758	\$18,824,372	\$(616,099)	\$51,041	\$19,284,769
Noncontrolling interest equity investment						8,392	8,392
Net income				1,331,329			1,331,329
Other comprehensive loss					(41,633)		(41,633)
Patronage				(117,424)			(117,424)
Surplus allocated under nonqualified patronage program			136,469	(136,469)			-
Redemption of surplus allocated under nonqualified patronage program			(32,618)				(32,618)
Perpetual preferred stock dividends				(19,641)			(19,641)
Capital stock/participation certificates issued		15,158					15,158
Capital stock/participation certificates retired		(14,990)					(14,990)
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$350,000	\$268,865	\$510,609	\$19,882,167	\$(657,732)	\$59,433	\$20,413,342

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined financial statements.

Combined Statements of Cash Flows

AgriBank, FCB and affiliated Associations

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

For the nine months ended September 30,	2016	2015
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$1,331,329	\$1,319,736
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash flows from operating activities:		
Depreciation on premises and equipment	32,886	29,883
Gain on sales of premises and equipment	(3,478)	(2,720)
Depreciation on assets held for lease	71,356	78,068
Loss (gain) on disposal of assets held for lease	86	(392)
Provision for credit losses	120,705	57,625
Loss on other property owned, net	578	996
Loss (gain) on derivative activities	293	(241)
Net impairment losses recognized in earnings	--	693
Gain on sale of investment securities, net	(10,584)	(1,445)
Amortization of (premiums) and discounts on debt and deferred debt issuance costs, net	71,967	26,289
Amortization of premiums and (discounts) on loans and investments, net	5,439	23,481
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Increase in accrued interest receivable	(275,718)	(288,959)
Decrease (increase) in other assets	21,405	(25,621)
Increase in accrued interest payable	20,901	36,536
Decrease in other liabilities	(24,297)	(50,677)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,362,868	1,203,252
Cash flows from investing activities		
Increase in loans, net	(2,830,896)	(3,194,268)
Proceeds from sales of other property owned	8,388	17,244
(Increase) decrease in investment securities, net	(1,325,890)	290,890
Proceeds from the sale of investment securities	119,479	60,393
Proceeds from sale of (purchases of) assets held for lease, net	27,684	(35,942)
Purchases of premises and equipment, net	(47,246)	(43,118)
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,048,481)	(2,904,801)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Consolidated bonds and notes issued	150,858,323	156,420,829
Consolidated bonds and notes retired	(148,261,488)	(154,928,734)
Subordinated notes retired	(500,000)	--
Increase in cash collateral pledged to counterparties	(100,028)	(26,726)
Decrease in cash collateral pledged by counterparties	--	(3,620)
Patronage distribution paid	(288,690)	(272,952)
Redemption of surplus allocated under nonqualified patronage program	(450)	(462)
Capital stock/participation certificates issued, net	168	1,755
Preferred stock dividends paid	(17,954)	(17,954)
Increase in noncontrolling interest	8,392	6,579
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,698,273	1,178,715
Net decrease in cash and federal funds	(987,340)	(522,834)
Cash and federal funds at beginning of period	2,023,855	2,168,049
Cash and federal funds at end of period	1,036,515	\$1,645,215
Supplemental schedule of non-cash activities		
(Increase) decrease in derivative assets	\$(1,030)	\$8,263
Increase in derivative liabilities	104,297	25,618
Decrease in bonds from derivative activity	(5,226)	(8,934)
Decrease in shareholders' equity from cash flow derivatives	(97,748)	(25,137)
Increase in shareholders' equity from investment securities	27,552	9,923
Increase in shareholders' equity from employee benefits	28,563	31,526
Loans transferred to other property owned	10,164	10,689
Preferred stock dividends accrued but not paid	5,984	5,984
Cash distributions payable to members	112,124	77,100
Financed sales of other property owned	(1,594)	(1,660)
Patronage payable of allocated surplus under nonqualified patronage program	32,168	26,655
Supplemental Information		
Interest paid	\$874,400	\$697,178
Taxes (refunded) paid	(27,057)	33,938

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined financial statements.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

AgriBank, FCB and affiliated Associations

NOTE 1

Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

AgriBank, FCB (AgriBank) and affiliated Associations (the District) comprise one of the four Districts of the Farm Credit System (the System), a nationwide system of cooperatively owned Banks and Associations, established by Congress and subject to the provisions of the Farm Credit Act of 1971, as amended. The System specializes in providing financing and related services to qualified borrowers for agricultural and rural purposes. AgriBank and its affiliated Associations are collectively referred to as the District. At September 30, 2016, the District had 17 Agricultural Credit Association parent Associations, each of which has wholly owned Federal Land Credit Association and Production Credit Association subsidiaries. AgriBank serves as the intermediary between the financial markets and the retail lending activities of the District Associations.

A description of the organization and operation of the District, significant accounting policies followed, combined financial condition and results of operations as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015 are contained in the 2015 Annual Report. These unaudited third quarter 2016 Combined Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Annual Report. The results for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ended December 31, 2016.

The Combined Financial Statements include the accounts of AgriBank combined with its 17 affiliated Associations and certain related entities. All significant transactions and balances between AgriBank and affiliated Associations have been eliminated in combination. The Combined Financial Statements contain all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the interim financial condition and results of operations and conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and prevailing practices within the financial services industry.

Certain amounts in the 2015 Combined Financial Statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

Recently Issued or Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

AgriBank and affiliated Associations have assessed the potential impact of accounting standards that have been issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), but are not yet effective, and have determined the following standards to be applicable to the District:

Standard	Description	Effective date and financial statement impact
In August 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued ASU 2016-15 "Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments."	The guidance addresses specific cash flow issues with the objective of reducing the diversity in the classification of these cash flows. Included in the cash flow issues are debt prepayment or debt extinguishment costs and settlement of zero-coupon debt instruments or other debt instruments with coupon interest rates that are insignificant in relation to the effective interest rate of the borrowing.	This guidance is effective for public entities for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017. This guidance is effective for nonpublic entities for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to impact the financial condition or results of operations, but could change the classification of certain items in the statement of cash flows.
In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13 "Financial Instruments - Credit Losses."	The guidance replaces the current incurred loss impairment methodology with a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit loss estimates. Credit losses relating to available-for-sale securities would also be recorded through an allowance for credit losses.	The guidance is effective for non-U.S. Securities Exchange Commission filers for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020 including interim periods within those annual periods. Early adoption is permitted as of annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those annual periods. AgriBank and affiliated Associations are currently evaluating the impact of the guidance on the financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, and financial statement disclosures.
In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02 "Leases."	The guidance modifies the recognition and accounting for lessees and lessors and requires expanded disclosures regarding assumptions used to recognize revenue and expenses related to leases.	The guidance is effective for public entities for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018 including interim periods within that year. The guidance is effective for nonpublic entities for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019 and interim periods the subsequent year. Early adoption is permitted and modified retrospective adoption is required. AgriBank and affiliated Associations are currently evaluating the impact of the guidance on the financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, and financial statement disclosures.

Standard	Description	Effective date and financial statement impact
In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01 "Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities."	The guidance is intended to enhance the reporting model for financial instruments to provide users of financial statements with more decision-useful information. The amendments address certain aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of financial statements.	The guidance is effective for public entities for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017 including interim periods within that year. The guidance is effective for nonpublic entities for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018 and interim periods with annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted for only a portion of the guidance, but that guidance does not apply to the Combined District Financial Statements. AgriBank and affiliated Associations are currently evaluating the impact of the remaining guidance on the financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, and financial statement disclosures.
In May 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-07 "Disclosures of Investments in Certain Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share (or Its Equivalent)."	The guidance removes the requirements to categorize assets valued using net asset value per share within the fair value hierarchy (Levels 1 - 3) as well as certain other disclosures.	The guidance is effective for public entities for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Neither AgriBank nor any affiliated Association elected early adoption and the disclosures impacted are only required for annual reporting. The adoption of this guidance does not impact results of operations, financial condition or cash flows. AgriBank and affiliated Associations are in process of revising the disclosures in accordance with the guidance for the 2016 Annual Report.
In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-02 "Consolidation- Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis."	The guidance modifies the assessment of Variable Interest Entity (VIE) characteristics as well as the assessment of related parties.	The guidance is effective for public entities for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The guidance is effective for nonpublic entities for annual reporting after December 15, 2016 and interim periods beginning after December 25, 2017. Early adoption is allowed, including in any interim period. The adoption of this guidance will not have a material impact on the financial condition, results of operations, cash flows and financial statement disclosures.
In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-15 "Presentation of Financial Statements-Going Concern."	The guidance requires management to perform interim and annual assessments of an entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date the Financial Statements are issued or within one year after the Financial Statements are available to be issued, when applicable. Substantial doubt to continue as a going concern exists if it is probable that the entity will be unable to meet its obligations for the assessed period.	This guidance becomes effective for all entities for interim and annual periods ending after December 15, 2016, and early application is permitted. The adoption of this guidance will not have a material impact on the financial statement disclosures.

Standard	Description	Effective date and financial statement impact
In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers."	The guidance governs revenue recognition from contracts with customers and requires an entity to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Financial instruments and other contractual rights within the scope of other guidance issued by the FASB are excluded from the scope of this new revenue recognition guidance. In this regard, a majority of contracts within the District would be excluded from the scope of this new guidance.	The guidance is effective for public entities for the first interim reporting period within the annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. In March 2016, the FASB issued ASUs 2016-08 and 2016-10 which provided further clarifying guidance on the previously issued standard. AgriBank and affiliated Associations are in the process of reviewing contracts to determine the effect, if any, on the financial condition and results of operations.

NOTE 2

Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses

Loans by Type

(in thousands)	September 30, 2016		December 31, 2015	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Real estate mortgage	\$55,434,358	56.7%	\$53,163,216	56.0%
Production and intermediate term	25,417,494	26.0%	25,626,860	27.0%
Agribusiness	9,695,855	9.9%	8,799,656	9.3%
Rural residential real estate	2,807,808	2.9%	2,839,004	3.0%
Other	4,390,671	4.5%	4,515,643	4.7%
Total loans	\$97,746,186	100.0%	\$94,944,379	100.0%

The Other category is primarily comprised of communication and energy related loans, certain assets originated under the Mission Related Investment authority and loans to AgriBank's other financing institutions, as well as finance leases.

Participations

AgriBank and affiliated Associations may purchase or sell participation interests with other parties in order to diversify risk, manage loan volume and comply with Farm Credit Administration (FCA) regulations or General Financing Agreement limitations.

Participations Purchased and Sold

(in thousands)	Other Farm Credit Institutions		Non-Farm Credit Institutions		Total	
	Participations Purchased	Participations Sold	Participations Purchased	Participations Sold	Participations Purchased	Participations Sold
As of September 30, 2016						
Real estate mortgage	\$1,420,560	\$289,453	\$2,844,814	\$64,590	\$4,265,374	\$354,043
Production and intermediate term	1,634,852	454,682	4,018,640	37,902	5,653,492	492,584
Agribusiness	4,624,827	1,011,896	537,858	123,143	5,162,685	1,135,039
Rural residential real estate	86	--	11,857	--	11,943	--
Other	2,681,848	130,598	13,540	--	2,695,388	130,598
Total loans	\$10,362,173	\$1,886,629	\$7,426,709	\$225,635	\$17,788,882	\$2,112,264

(in thousands)	Other Farm Credit Institutions		Non-Farm Credit Institutions		Total	
	Participations Purchased	Participations Sold	Participations Purchased	Participations Sold	Participations Purchased	Participations Sold
As of December 31, 2015						
Real estate mortgage	\$1,092,943	\$245,742	\$2,571,879	\$57,250	\$3,664,822	\$302,992
Production and intermediate term	1,452,221	544,141	4,020,889	55,102	5,473,110	599,243
Agribusiness	4,136,700	879,557	525,225	163,740	4,661,925	1,043,297
Rural residential real estate	91	--	21,215	373	21,306	373
Other	2,722,551	136,097	13,017	--	2,735,568	136,097
Total loans	\$9,404,506	\$1,805,537	\$7,152,225	\$276,465	\$16,556,731	\$2,082,002

Information in the preceding chart excludes certain assets entered into under the Mission Related Investment and leasing authorities.

Portfolio Performance

One credit quality indicator utilized in the District is the FCA Uniform Loan Classification System that categorizes loans into five categories. The categories are defined as follows:

- **Acceptable** – assets are non-criticized assets representing the highest quality. They are expected to be fully collectible. This category is further differentiated into various probabilities of default.
- **Other Assets Especially Mentioned (Special Mention)** – are currently collectible, but exhibit some potential weakness. These assets involve increased credit risk, but not to the point of justifying a substandard classification.
- **Substandard** – assets exhibit some serious weakness in repayment capacity, equity and/or collateral pledged on the loan.
- **Doubtful** – assets exhibit similar weaknesses as substandard assets. However, doubtful assets have additional weaknesses in existing factors, conditions and values that make collection in full highly questionable.
- **Loss** – assets are considered uncollectible.

Credit Quality of Loans

(in thousands)									
As of September 30, 2016									
	Acceptable		Special mention		Substandard/Doubtful		Total		
Real estate mortgage	\$52,867,668	94.1%	\$1,643,572	2.9%	\$1,708,861	3.0%	\$56,220,101	100.0%	
Production and intermediate term	23,001,030	89.3%	1,351,437	5.2%	1,428,659	5.5%	25,781,126	100.0%	
Agribusiness	9,457,120	97.1%	132,874	1.4%	142,705	1.5%	9,732,699	100.0%	
Rural residential real estate	2,668,455	94.3%	53,268	1.9%	106,232	3.8%	2,827,955	100.0%	
Other	4,273,848	97.1%	105,726	2.4%	20,868	0.5%	4,400,442	100.0%	
Total loans	<u>\$92,268,121</u>	<u>93.2%</u>	<u>\$3,286,877</u>	<u>3.4%</u>	<u>\$3,407,325</u>	<u>3.4%</u>	<u>\$98,962,323</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	

(in thousands)									
As of December 31, 2015									
	Acceptable		Special mention		Substandard/Doubtful		Total		
Real estate mortgage	\$51,703,832	96.2%	\$1,019,026	1.9%	\$1,016,500	1.9%	\$53,739,358	100.0%	
Production and intermediate term	24,430,268	94.2%	731,410	2.8%	772,619	3.0%	25,934,297	100.0%	
Agribusiness	8,585,744	97.3%	136,666	1.5%	109,636	1.2%	8,832,046	100.0%	
Rural residential real estate	2,728,644	95.5%	36,894	1.3%	90,535	3.2%	2,856,073	100.0%	
Other	4,432,089	98.0%	64,687	1.4%	27,496	0.6%	4,524,272	100.0%	
Total loans	<u>\$91,880,577</u>	<u>95.8%</u>	<u>\$1,988,683</u>	<u>2.1%</u>	<u>\$2,016,786</u>	<u>2.1%</u>	<u>\$95,886,046</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

AgriBank and affiliated Associations had no loans categorized as loss at September 30, 2016 or December 31, 2015.

Aging Analysis of Loans

(in thousands)	30-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Not Past Due or Less than 30 Days Past Due	Total Loans	Accruing loans 90 days or more past due
As of September 30, 2016						
Real estate mortgage	\$123,632	\$93,584	\$217,216	\$56,002,885	\$56,220,101	\$1,490
Production and intermediate term	89,646	126,386	216,032	25,565,094	25,781,126	19,452
Agribusiness	628	6,973	7,601	9,725,098	9,732,699	--
Rural residential real estate	19,103	10,776	29,879	2,798,076	2,827,955	197
Other	4,857	1,511	6,368	4,394,074	4,400,442	128
Total loans	\$237,866	\$239,230	\$477,096	\$98,485,227	\$98,962,323	\$21,267

(in thousands)	30-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Not Past Due or Less than 30 Days Past Due	Total Loans	Accruing loans 90 days or more past due
As of December 31, 2015						
Real estate mortgage	\$122,241	\$61,015	\$183,256	\$53,556,102	\$53,739,358	\$1,998
Production and intermediate term	95,252	61,614	156,866	25,777,431	25,934,297	2,981
Agribusiness	5,808	18,668	24,476	8,807,570	8,832,046	--
Rural residential real estate	23,290	11,645	34,935	2,821,138	2,856,073	--
Other	11,379	6,259	17,638	4,506,634	4,524,272	6,117
Total loans	\$257,970	\$159,201	\$417,171	\$95,468,875	\$95,886,046	\$11,096

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

The increase in delinquencies, primarily in the production and intermediate term and real estate mortgage sectors, is due to continued low commodity prices and the current economic conditions compared to historically high performance observed during recent years.

Risk Assets

Risk loans are loans for which it is probable that all principal and interest will not be collected according to the contractual terms.

Risk Loan Information	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
(in thousands)		
Nonaccrual loans:		
Current as to principal and interest	\$431,536	\$317,596
Past due	271,822	199,413
Total nonaccrual loans	703,358	517,009
Accruing restructured loans	74,934	65,233
Accruing loans 90 days or more past due	21,267	11,096
Total risk loans	\$799,559	\$593,338
Volume with specific reserves	\$148,070	\$129,524
Volume without specific reserves	651,489	463,814
Total risk loans	\$799,559	\$593,338
Specific reserves	\$48,993	\$40,890
For the nine months ended September 30,	2016	2015
Income on accrual risk loans	\$3,506	\$3,199
Income on nonaccrual loans	27,485	23,725
Total income on risk loans	\$30,991	\$26,924
Average risk loans	\$696,757	\$614,126

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

Risk Assets by Loan Type	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
(in thousands)		
Nonaccrual loans:		
Real estate mortgage	\$375,043	\$278,463
Production and intermediate term	274,825	154,440
Agribusiness	13,888	27,100
Rural residential real estate	37,146	41,979
Other	2,456	15,027
Total nonaccrual loans	\$703,358	\$517,009
Accruing restructured loans:		
Real estate mortgage	\$51,155	\$49,501
Production and intermediate term	22,280	14,964
Agribusiness	189	214
Rural residential real estate	1,310	554
Total accruing restructured loans	\$74,934	\$65,233
Accruing loans 90 days or more past due:		
Real estate mortgage	\$1,490	\$1,998
Production and intermediate term	19,452	2,981
Rural residential real estate	197	--
Other	128	6,117
Total accruing loans 90 days or more past due	\$21,267	\$11,096
Total risk loans	\$799,559	\$593,338
Other property owned	\$12,655	\$13,051
Total risk assets	\$812,214	\$606,389

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

All risk loans are considered to be impaired loans.

Additional Impaired Loan Information by Loan Type

(in thousands)	As of September 30, 2016			For the nine months ended September 30, 2016	
	Recorded Investment *	Unpaid Principal Balance **	Related Allowance	Average Impaired Loans	Interest Income Recognized
Impaired loans with a related allowance for loan losses:					
Real estate mortgage	\$47,608	\$55,955	\$8,762	\$36,642	\$ --
Production and intermediate term	89,914	102,294	36,825	72,872	--
Agribusiness	5,547	5,527	1,745	2,556	--
Rural residential real estate	4,155	4,908	1,295	4,458	--
Other	846	846	366	801	--
Total	\$148,070	\$169,530	\$48,993	\$117,329	\$ --
Impaired loans with no related allowance for loan losses:					
Real estate mortgage	\$380,080	\$467,779	\$ --	\$343,431	\$16,291
Production and intermediate term	226,643	289,670	--	176,693	11,579
Agribusiness	8,530	13,566	--	10,518	984
Rural residential real estate	34,498	44,351	--	38,030	1,990
Other	1,738	1,736	--	10,756	147
Total	\$651,489	\$817,102	\$ --	\$579,428	\$30,991
Total impaired loans:					
Real estate mortgage	\$427,688	\$523,734	\$8,762	\$380,073	\$16,291
Production and intermediate term	316,557	391,964	36,825	249,565	11,579
Agribusiness	14,077	19,093	1,745	13,074	984
Rural residential real estate	38,653	49,259	1,295	42,488	1,990
Other	2,584	2,582	366	11,557	147
Total	\$799,559	\$986,632	\$48,993	\$696,757	\$30,991
As of December 31, 2015					
(in thousands)	Recorded Investment*	Unpaid Principal Balance**	Related Allowance	Average Impaired Loans	Interest Income Recognized
Impaired loans with a related allowance for loan losses:					
Real estate mortgage	\$42,611	\$52,354	\$10,462	\$43,936	\$ --
Production and intermediate term	64,081	69,938	25,324	70,851	--
Agribusiness	17,062	18,455	3,339	14,522	--
Rural residential real estate	5,008	5,928	1,486	4,756	--
Other	762	762	279	1,572	--
Total	\$129,524	\$147,437	\$40,890	\$135,637	\$ --
Impaired loans with no related allowance for loan losses:					
Real estate mortgage	\$287,352	\$377,470	\$ --	\$289,469	\$15,938
Production and intermediate term	108,305	174,647	--	117,520	8,170
Agribusiness	10,252	17,204	--	9,388	976
Rural residential real estate	37,525	48,451	--	37,366	1,558
Other	20,380	23,380	--	24,746	282
Total	\$463,814	\$641,152	\$ --	\$478,489	\$26,924
Total impaired loans:					
Real estate mortgage	\$329,963	\$429,824	\$10,462	\$333,405	\$15,938
Production and intermediate term	172,386	244,585	25,324	188,371	8,170
Agribusiness	27,314	35,659	3,339	23,910	976
Rural residential real estate	42,533	54,379	1,486	42,122	1,558
Other	21,142	24,142	279	26,318	282
Total	\$593,338	\$788,589	\$40,890	\$614,126	\$26,924

*The recorded investment in the receivable is the face amount increased or decreased by applicable accrued interest and unamortized premium, discount, finance charges and acquisition costs and may also reflect a previous direct write-down of the investment. The recorded investment may be less than the unpaid principal balance as payments on non-cash basis nonaccrual loans reduce the recorded investment.

**Unpaid principal balance represents the contractual principal balance of the loan.

AgriBank and affiliated Associations had no material commitments to lend additional money to borrowers whose loans were at risk as of September 30, 2016.

Troubled Debt Restructurings

Included within loans are troubled debt restructurings (TDRs). These loans have been modified by granting a concession in order to maximize the collection of amounts due when a borrower is experiencing financial difficulties. All risk loans, including TDRs, are analyzed within District allowance for loan losses.

Troubled Debt Restructuring Activity

(in thousands) For the nine months ended September 30, 2016	Pre-modification Outstanding Recorded Investment*	Post-modification Outstanding Recorded Investment*
Troubled debt restructurings:		
Real estate mortgage	\$5,017	\$4,950
Production and intermediate term	23,702	23,833
Agribusiness	69	69
Rural residential real estate	277	269
Total loans	<u>\$29,065</u>	<u>\$29,121</u>

(in thousands) For the nine months ended September 30, 2015	Pre-modification Outstanding Recorded Investment*	Post-modification Outstanding Recorded Investment*
Troubled debt restructurings:		
Real estate mortgage	\$4,138	\$4,286
Production and intermediate term	9,871	9,163
Agribusiness	31,393	31,393
Rural residential real estate	828	726
Total loans	<u>\$46,230</u>	<u>\$45,568</u>

*Pre-modification represents the outstanding recorded investment of the loan just prior to restructuring and post-modification represents the outstanding recorded investment of the loan immediately following the restructuring. The recorded investment of the loan is the face amount of the receivable increased or decreased by applicable accrued interest and unamortized premium, discount, finance charges, and acquisition costs and may also reflect a previous direct charge-off.

The primary types of modification typically include forgiveness of interest, interest rate reduction below market or extension of maturity.

Troubled Debt Restructurings that Subsequently Defaulted within the Previous 12 Months

(in thousands) For the nine months ended September 30,	Recorded Investment	
	2016	2015
Troubled debt restructurings that subsequently defaulted:		
Real estate mortgage	\$253	\$188
Production and intermediate term	951	241
Agribusiness	--	30,367
Rural residential real estate	--	303
Total	<u>\$1,204</u>	<u>\$31,099</u>

TDRs Outstanding

(in thousands)	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Accrual Status		
Real estate mortgage	\$51,155	\$49,501
Production and intermediate term	22,280	14,964
Agribusiness	189	214
Rural residential real estate	1,310	554
Total TDRs in accrual status	\$74,934	\$65,233
Nonaccrual Status		
Real estate mortgage	\$35,946	\$36,619
Production and intermediate term	22,092	21,825
Agribusiness	6,026	24,708
Rural residential real estate	2,238	3,138
Other	--	13,964
Total TDRs in nonaccrual status	\$66,302	\$100,254
Total TDRs	\$141,236	\$165,487

AgriBank and affiliated Associations had no material commitments to lend to borrowers whose loans have been modified as TDRs as of September 30, 2016.

Allowance for Loan Losses**Changes in Allowance for Loan Losses**

(in thousands)	2016	2015
For the nine months ended September 30,		
Balance at beginning of year	\$285,711	\$248,081
Provision for loan losses	113,636	51,730
Charge-offs	(25,805)	(28,887)
Recoveries	8,558	9,535
Balance at end of period	\$382,100	\$280,459

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the allowance for loan losses increased to \$382.1 million, reflecting \$113.6 million of provision for loan losses (not including provision for credit losses of \$7.1 million for unfunded commitments), offset by net charge-offs of \$17.2 million. The increase in allowance directly relates to increases in risk loans, adverse credit quality and industry related reserves, which are the result of continued low commodity prices and the general agricultural economic conditions during this agricultural efficiency cycle.

Changes in Allowance for Loan Losses and Year End Recorded Investments by Loan Type

(in thousands)	Real estate mortgage	Production and intermediate term	Agribusiness	Rural residential real estate	Other	Total
Allowance for loan losses:						
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$111,000	\$118,409	\$32,166	\$8,986	\$15,150	\$285,711
Provision for loan losses	36,975	61,655	10,754	3,012	1,240	113,636
Charge-offs	(4,315)	(16,765)	(3,045)	(1,680)	–	(25,805)
Recoveries	2,816	4,319	850	571	2	8,558
Balance at September 30, 2016	<u>\$146,476</u>	<u>\$167,618</u>	<u>\$40,725</u>	<u>\$10,889</u>	<u>\$16,392</u>	<u>\$382,100</u>
At September 30, 2016:						
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	\$8,762	\$36,825	\$1,745	\$1,295	\$366	\$48,993
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	<u>\$137,714</u>	<u>\$130,794</u>	<u>\$38,979</u>	<u>\$9,594</u>	<u>\$16,026</u>	<u>\$333,107</u>
Recorded investments in loans outstanding:						
Ending balance at September 30, 2016	<u>\$56,220,101</u>	<u>\$25,781,126</u>	<u>\$9,732,699</u>	<u>\$2,827,955</u>	<u>\$4,400,442</u>	<u>\$98,962,323</u>
Ending balance for loans individually evaluated for impairment	<u>\$427,688</u>	<u>\$316,557</u>	<u>\$14,077</u>	<u>\$38,653</u>	<u>\$2,584</u>	<u>\$799,559</u>
Ending balance for loans collectively evaluated for impairment	<u>\$55,792,413</u>	<u>\$25,464,569</u>	<u>\$9,718,622</u>	<u>\$2,789,302</u>	<u>\$4,397,858</u>	<u>\$98,162,764</u>

(in thousands)	Real estate mortgage	Production and intermediate term	Agribusiness	Rural residential real estate	Other	Total
Allowance for loan losses:						
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$89,637	\$101,742	\$30,455	\$9,674	\$16,573	\$248,081
Provision for (reversal of) loan losses	17,569	29,919	4,162	1,222	(1,142)	51,730
Charge-offs	(8,734)	(15,736)	(160)	(1,979)	(2,278)	(28,887)
Recoveries	2,642	4,790	1,147	491	465	9,535
Balance at September 30, 2015	<u>\$101,114</u>	<u>\$120,715</u>	<u>\$35,604</u>	<u>\$9,408</u>	<u>\$13,618</u>	<u>\$280,459</u>
At December 31, 2015:						
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	\$10,462	\$25,324	\$3,339	\$1,486	\$279	\$40,890
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	<u>\$100,538</u>	<u>\$93,085</u>	<u>\$28,827</u>	<u>\$7,500</u>	<u>\$14,871</u>	<u>\$244,821</u>
Recorded investments in loans outstanding:						
Ending balance at December 31, 2015	<u>\$53,739,358</u>	<u>\$25,934,297</u>	<u>\$8,832,046</u>	<u>\$2,856,073</u>	<u>\$4,524,272</u>	<u>\$95,886,046</u>
Ending balance for loans individually evaluated for impairment	<u>\$329,963</u>	<u>\$172,386</u>	<u>\$27,314</u>	<u>\$42,533</u>	<u>\$21,142</u>	<u>\$593,338</u>
Ending balance for loans collectively evaluated for impairment	<u>\$53,409,395</u>	<u>\$25,761,911</u>	<u>\$8,804,732</u>	<u>\$2,813,540</u>	<u>\$4,503,130</u>	<u>\$95,292,708</u>

NOTE 3

Investment Securities

AgriBank Investment Securities

All AgriBank investment securities are classified as available-for-sale (AFS).

AgriBank AFS Investment Securities

(in thousands)	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair	Weighted
As of September 30, 2016	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value	Average
Mortgage-backed securities	\$5,638,288	\$19,753	\$23,039	\$5,635,002	1.3%
Commercial paper and other	5,021,752	598	285	5,022,065	0.9%
U.S. Treasury securities	3,885,261	9,527	557	3,894,231	1.1%
Asset-backed securities	766,770	1,152	39	767,883	1.0%
Total	<u>\$15,312,071</u>	<u>\$31,030</u>	<u>\$23,920</u>	<u>\$15,319,181</u>	1.1%

(in thousands)	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair	Weighted
As of December 31, 2015	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value	Average
Mortgage-backed securities	\$5,774,742	\$15,807	\$33,538	\$5,757,011	1.1%
Commercial paper and other	4,914,613	213	441	4,914,385	0.5%
U.S. Treasury securities	2,822,368	129	7,240	2,815,257	1.1%
Asset-backed securities	771,602	6,036	1,408	776,230	0.8%
Total	<u>\$14,283,325</u>	<u>\$22,185</u>	<u>\$42,627</u>	<u>\$14,262,883</u>	0.9%

Commercial paper and other is primarily corporate commercial paper, certificates of deposit and term federal funds.

Contractual Maturities of AgriBank AFS Investment Securities

(in thousands)	Year of Maturity				Total
	One Year or Less	One to Five Years	Five to Ten Years	More Than Ten Years	
As of September 30, 2016					
Mortgage-backed securities	\$48	\$17,655	\$90,402	\$5,526,897	\$5,635,002
Commercial paper and other	5,022,065	--	--	--	5,022,065
U.S. Treasury securities	1,334,540	2,559,691	--	--	3,894,231
Asset-backed securities	6,013	761,870	--	--	767,883
Total	<u>\$6,362,666</u>	<u>\$3,339,216</u>	<u>\$90,402</u>	<u>\$5,526,897</u>	<u>\$15,319,181</u>
Weighted average yield	0.9%	1.1%	1.5%	1.3%	1.1%

The expected average life is 0.7 years for asset-backed securities (ABS) and 3.2 years for mortgage-backed securities (MBS) at September 30, 2016. Expected maturities differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to prepay obligations.

Additional AgriBank AFS Investment Security Information

(in thousands)

For the nine months ended September 30,	2016	2015
Proceeds from sales	\$70,479	\$29,669
Realized gross gains on sales	10,979	2,560
Realized gross losses on sales	801	1,236

The proceeds from AgriBank sales in 2016 and 2015 were related to the sale of home-equity ABS and non-agency MBS investments. Of the securities sold during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, AgriBank sold \$27.8 million and \$9.7 million of other-than-temporarily impaired (OTTI) AFS securities resulting in net gains of \$10.6 million and \$2.6 million, respectively. The 2016 sales included all remaining OTTI AFS securities. Accordingly, no OTTI AFS securities were outstanding as of September 30, 2016. At December 31, 2015 AgriBank held OTTI AFS securities with a fair value of \$41.8 million.

A summary of the AgriBank investment securities in an unrealized loss position presented by the length of time that the securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position follows:

(in thousands)	Less than 12 months		More than 12 months	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
As of September 30, 2016				
Mortgage-backed securities	\$2,211,633	\$11,243	\$1,378,912	\$11,796
Commercial paper and other	942,109	285	--	--
U.S. Treasury securities	333,647	557	--	--
Asset-backed securities	24,963	36	25,098	3
Total	\$3,512,352	\$12,121	\$1,404,010	\$11,799

(in thousands)	Less than 12 months		More than 12 months	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
As of December 31, 2015				
Mortgage-backed securities	\$3,484,228	\$21,377	\$693,595	\$12,161
Commercial paper and other	2,461,453	441	--	--
U.S. Treasury securities	2,413,587	7,240	--	--
Asset-backed securities	709,820	1,254	59,641	154
Total	\$9,069,088	\$30,312	\$753,236	\$12,315

AgriBank evaluates its investment securities for OTTI on a quarterly basis. AgriBank has determined no securities were in an OTTI loss position at September 30, 2016. No impairment losses were recognized during the nine months ended September 30, 2016. AgriBank recognized \$693 thousand in net impairment losses during the same period in 2015, reflecting a gross impairment charge of \$748 thousand, net of \$55 thousand related to the non-credit component which was recognized in other comprehensive income.

The following represents the activity related to the credit-loss component for AgriBank AFS investment securities that have been written down for OTTI that has been recognized in earnings:

(in thousands)		
For the nine months ended September 30,	2016	2015
Credit-loss component, beginning of period	\$25,160	\$42,062
Additions:		
Initial credit impairment	--	73
Subsequent credit impairments	--	620
Reductions:		
For gain on securities sold	(10,559)	(2,560)
For impairment previously recognized on securities sold	(14,137)	(2,968)
For increases in expected cash flows	(464)	(4,600)
Credit-loss component, end of period	\$ --	<u>\$32,627</u>

Affiliated Associations Investment Securities

Periodically, one affiliated Association may sell loans held for sale to a third party and purchase back securities collateralized by the loans sold. As the affiliated Association may not hold the investments to maturity, all or a portion of these securities are classified as AFS. The contractual maturities for AFS securities held by the affiliated Association are generally greater than ten years. The affiliated Association held AFS securities with fair value of \$27.1 million at September 30, 2016. The affiliated Association held no AFS securities at December 31, 2015.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the affiliated Association sold AFS securities with total sales proceeds of \$49.0 million and \$30.7 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, resulting in gains of \$406 thousand and \$121 thousand, respectively. No securities sold were in an other-than-temporary impaired position.

All other investments held by affiliated Associations are classified as held-to-maturity (HTM).

HTM Investment Securities

(in thousands)	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair	Weighted
As of September 30, 2016	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value	Average
Government guaranteed instruments	\$1,435,712	\$11,107	\$53,223	\$1,393,596	2.4%
Farmer Mac mortgage-backed securities	420,251	5,185	165	425,271	4.1%
Agricultural and Rural Community bonds	7,227	--	1	7,226	2.5%
Total	<u>\$1,863,190</u>	<u>\$16,292</u>	<u>\$53,389</u>	<u>\$1,826,093</u>	2.8%

(in thousands)	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair	Weighted
As of December 31, 2015	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value	Average
Government guaranteed instruments	\$1,420,940	\$12,351	\$43,507	\$1,389,784	2.3%
Farmer Mac mortgage-backed securities	275,990	1,338	2,115	275,213	4.3%
Agricultural and Rural Community bonds	7,230	--	4	7,226	1.8%
Total	<u>\$1,704,160</u>	<u>\$13,689</u>	<u>\$45,626</u>	<u>\$1,672,223</u>	2.6%

The investments were evaluated for OTTI. No securities were other-than-temporarily impaired as of September 30, 2016 or December 31, 2015.

Other Investments

One affiliated Association holds non-controlling investments in venture capital equity funds of \$8.3 million and \$7.9 million at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. These investments represent the affiliated Association's ownership in venture capital equity funds focused on the needs of rural start-up companies. There was \$1.5 million of remaining commitment to the funds at September 30, 2016.

AgriBank and certain affiliated Associations are among the forming limited partners for a \$154.5 million Rural Business Investment Company (RBIC) established on October 3, 2014. As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, \$24.6 million and \$19.0 million, respectively, were invested by AgriBank and certain affiliated Associations.

These other investments were evaluated for impairment. No impairments were recognized on these investments during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 or 2015. Other investments are included in "Other assets" on the Combined Statements of Condition.

NOTE 4

Capital

Regulatory Capital Requirements and Ratios			
	Regulatory Minimums	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Permanent capital ratio	7.0%		
AgriBank		20.4%	20.8%
Affiliated Associations		14.5% - 20.4%	14.8% - 21.0%
District Association weighted average		16.3%	16.2%
Total surplus ratio	7.0%		
AgriBank		17.1%	17.9%
Affiliated Associations		14.3% - 19.1%	14.6% - 19.6%
District Association weighted average		16.1%	16.0%
Core surplus ratio	3.5%		
AgriBank		12.4%	12.1%
Affiliated Associations		12.1% - 19.1%	12.3% - 19.6%
District Association weighted average		15.9%	15.8%
AgriBank net collateral ratio*	103.0%	105.5%	105.8%

* FCA requires AgriBank to maintain a higher minimum of 104.0% during any period in which AgriBank has subordinated notes outstanding. Concurrent with the call of AgriBank's subordinated notes on July 15, 2016 FCA's regulatory minimum requirement reverted to 103.0%.

On March 10, 2016, the FCA Board approved a final rule to modify the regulatory capital requirements for System Banks and Associations. The final rule replaces existing core surplus and total surplus ratios with common equity tier 1, tier 1 and total capital risk-based capital ratios. The final rule also replaces the existing net collateral ratio with a tier 1 leverage ratio and is applicable to all banks and associations. The permanent capital ratio continues to remain in effect with the final rule. The effective date of the new capital requirements is January 1, 2017.

FCA Revised Capital Requirements

	Regulatory Minimums	Capital Conservation Buffer	Total
Risk adjusted:			
Common equity Tier 1 capital ratio	4.5%	2.5%	7.0%
Tier 1 capital ratio	6.0%	2.5%	8.5%
Total capital ratio	8.0%	2.5%	10.5%
Non-risk adjusted:			
Tier 1 leverage ratio	4.0%	1.0%	5.0%

If the capital ratios fall below the total requirements, including the buffer amounts, capital distributions (equity redemptions, dividends and patronage) and discretionary senior executive bonuses are restricted or prohibited without prior FCA approval.

The final rule to modify regulatory capital requirements changes the capital treatment of AgriBank subordinated notes. The terms of AgriBank's subordinated notes provide that, at any time following FCA notification of certain changes to regulatory capital requirements, the subordinated notes are redeemable in whole at par on any interest payment date. On July 15, 2016, AgriBank redeemed all \$500 million of outstanding subordinated notes at par value.

Protected participation certificates of \$271 thousand and \$282 thousand are included in Capital Stock and Participation Certificates on the Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

NOTE 5

Employee Benefit Plans

AgriBank and affiliated Associations participate in District-wide employee benefit plans.

Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost

(in thousands)	2016		2015	
	Pension Benefits	Other Benefits	Pension Benefits	Other Benefits
For the nine months ended September 30,				
Service cost	\$22,955	\$339	\$22,564	\$419
Interest cost	34,751	812	37,946	1,044
Expected return on plan assets	(44,501)	--	(41,714)	--
Amortization of prior service cost	(839)	(333)	(948)	(346)
Actuarial loss (gain)	30,067	(332)	32,835	(16)
Settlements	2,330	--	--	--
Net periodic benefit cost	<u>\$44,763</u>	<u>\$486</u>	<u>\$50,683</u>	<u>\$1,101</u>

Certain employees in the AgriBank District participate in the AgriBank District Retirement Plan, a District-wide multi-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The employers contribute amounts necessary on an actuarial basis to provide the plan with sufficient assets to meet the benefits to be paid to participants. Refer to Note 10 in the 2015 Annual Report for a more complete description of the Employee Benefit Plans.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, District employers have contributed \$30.1 million to fund Pension Benefits. District employers anticipate contributing an additional \$66.9 million to fund Pension Benefits in 2016. District employers typically fund 40 percent of their annual contributions to the AgriBank District Retirement Plan in June and the remaining 60 percent in December. The increase in anticipated contributions for 2016 is due to changes in the plan's funding policy approved in the third quarter of 2016.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, District employers have contributed \$1.1 million for Other Benefits. District employers anticipate contributing an additional \$569 thousand for Other Benefits in 2016.

NOTE 6

Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of business, AgriBank and affiliated Associations have various contingent liabilities and commitments outstanding, primarily commitments to extend credit, which may not be reflected in the Combined Financial Statements. AgriBank and affiliated Associations do not anticipate any material losses because of these contingencies or commitments.

On November 4, 2016 an alleged class action complaint was filed in the Supreme Court of the State of New York against AgriBank by a purported beneficial owner of AgriBank's 9.125% subordinated notes due in 2019 ("Subordinated Notes"). AgriBank redeemed the Subordinated Notes at par plus accrued interest on July 15, 2016 due to the occurrence of a Regulatory Event (as defined under the Subordinated Notes). The plaintiff has asserted a breach of contract claim and a breach of implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing claim alleging that AgriBank impermissibly redeemed the Notes. The plaintiff has requested damages in an amount to be determined at trial, reasonable attorneys' fees, and other relief. AgriBank intends to vigorously defend against these allegations. The likelihood of any outcome of this proceeding cannot be determined at this time.

Additionally, AgriBank and affiliated Associations may, from time to time, be named as defendants in certain lawsuits or legal actions in the normal course of business. As of September 30, 2016 one affiliated Association had a contingent liability of \$2.1 million related to an ongoing litigation in which they are involved. At the date of these Combined Financial Statements, management teams were not aware of any other material actions. However, AgriBank and affiliated Association management cannot ensure that such actions or other contingencies will not arise in the future.

While primarily liable for its portion of System-wide bonds and notes, AgriBank is jointly and severally liable for the System-wide bonds and notes of the other System Banks. The total bonds and notes of the System at September 30, 2016 was \$252.0 billion.

NOTE 7

Fair Value Measurements

AgriBank and affiliated Associations use fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures. Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring and non-recurring basis consist of federal funds, investments available-for-sale, derivative assets and

liabilities, collateral assets and liabilities, impaired loans, unfunded loan commitments, standby letters of credit and other property owned. The fair value is also calculated and disclosed for other financial instruments that are not measured at fair value on the Combined Statements of Condition. These assets and liabilities consist of cash, investments held-to-maturity, non-impaired loans, other earning assets, bonds and notes, subordinated notes and commitments to extend credit and letters of credit. Refer to Note 14 in the District's 2015 Annual Report for descriptions of the valuation methodologies used for asset and liabilities recorded at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis and for estimating fair value for financial instruments not recorded at fair value.

A fair value hierarchy is used for disclosure of fair value measurements to maximize the use of observable inputs. The valuation hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Refer to Note 2 within the 2015 Annual Report for a more complete description of these input levels.

Recurring Measurements

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

(in thousands) As of September 30, 2016	Fair Value Measurement Using			Total Fair Value
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Assets:				
Federal funds	\$ --	\$685,000	\$ --	\$685,000
AgriBank investments available-for-sale:				
Mortgage-backed securities	--	5,635,002	--	5,635,002
Commercial paper and other	--	5,022,065	--	5,022,065
U.S. Treasury securities	--	3,894,231	--	3,894,231
Asset-backed securities	--	767,883	--	767,883
Affiliated Association investments available-for-sale:				
Mortgage-backed securities	--	27,051	--	27,051
Total investments available-for-sale	--	15,346,232	--	15,346,232
Cash collateral pledged to counterparties	133,351	--	--	133,351
Derivative assets	79	1,728	--	1,807
Total assets	\$133,430	\$16,032,960	\$ --	\$16,166,390
Liabilities:				
Derivative liabilities	\$ --	\$156,779	\$ --	\$156,779
Total liabilities	\$ --	\$156,779	\$ --	\$156,779

(in thousands) As of December 31, 2015	Fair Value Measurement Using			Total Fair Value
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Assets:				
Federal funds	\$ --	\$1,427,125	\$ --	\$1,427,125
AgriBank investments available-for-sale:				
Mortgage-backed securities	--	5,686,573	70,438	5,757,011
Commercial paper and other	--	4,914,385	--	4,914,385
U.S. Treasury securities	--	2,815,257	--	2,815,257
Asset-backed securities	--	768,272	7,958	776,230
Total investments available-for-sale	--	14,184,487	78,396	14,262,883
Cash collateral pledged to counterparties	33,323	--	--	33,323
Derivative assets	--	777	--	777
Total assets	\$33,323	\$15,612,389	\$78,396	\$15,724,108
Liabilities:				
Derivative liabilities	\$32	\$52,002	\$ --	\$52,034
Total liabilities	\$32	\$52,002	\$ --	\$52,034

Fair Value Measurement Activity of Level 3 Instruments

(in thousands)	Investments Available-for-Sale		
	Mortgage-backed Securities	Asset-backed Securities	Total
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$70,438	\$7,958	\$78,396
Total gains (losses) realized/unrealized:			
Included in earnings	4,608	5,570	10,178
Included in other comprehensive income	(3,610)	(5,957)	(9,567)
Sales	(63,156)	(7,322)	(70,478)
Settlements	(8,280)	(249)	(8,529)
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$124,890	\$33,716	\$158,606
Total gains (losses) realized/unrealized:			
Included in earnings	526	105	631
Included in other comprehensive income	(472)	(658)	(1,130)
Sales	(16,729)	(12,940)	(29,669)
Settlements	(15,679)	(6,788)	(22,467)
Balance at September 30, 2015	\$92,536	\$13,435	\$105,971

There were no assets or liabilities transferred between levels during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 or 2015.

Non-Recurring Measurements

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Non-recurring Basis

(in thousands)	As of September 30, 2016				For the nine months ended September 30, 2016
	Fair Value Measurement Using			Total Fair Value	Total Losses
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Impaired Loans	\$ --	\$37,948	\$78,712	\$116,660	\$(33,907)
Other property owned	--	--	13,161	13,161	(578)
	As of December 31, 2015				For the nine months ended September 30, 2015
	Fair Value Measurement Using			Total Fair Value	Total Losses
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Impaired Loans	\$ --	\$34,441	\$58,624	\$93,065	\$(33,247)
Other property owned	--	--	13,573	13,573	(996)

Other Financial Instrument Measurements

Financial Instruments Not Measured at Fair Value on the Combined Statements of Condition

(in thousands) As of September 30, 2016	Total Carrying Amount	Fair Value Measurement Using			Total Fair Value
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Assets:					
Cash	\$351,515	\$351,515	\$ --	\$ --	\$351,515
Investments held-to-maturity	1,863,190	--	323,933	1,502,159	1,826,092
Net non-impaired loans	97,265,009	--	--	98,243,582	98,243,582
Total assets	\$99,479,714	\$351,515	\$323,933	\$99,745,741	\$100,421,189
Liabilities:					
Bonds and notes	\$96,066,019	\$ --	\$ --	\$96,611,734	\$96,611,734
Subordinated notes	99,583	--	--	102,638	102,638
Unfunded loan commitments	23,513	--	--	23,513	23,513
Total liabilities	\$96,189,115	\$ --	\$ --	\$96,737,885	\$96,737,885
Unrecognized financial instruments:					
Commitments to extend credit and letters of credit		\$ --	\$ --	\$(29,151)	\$(29,151)

(in thousands) As of December 31, 2015	Total Carrying Amount	Fair Value Measurement Using			Total Fair Value
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Assets:					
Cash	\$596,730	\$596,730	\$ --	\$ --	\$596,730
Investments held-to-maturity	1,712,097	--	390,435	1,289,725	1,680,160
Net non-impaired loans	94,570,034	--	--	94,607,252	94,607,252
Total assets	\$96,878,861	\$596,730	\$390,435	\$95,896,977	\$96,884,142
Liabilities:					
Bonds and notes	\$93,404,251	\$ --	\$ --	\$93,319,254	\$93,319,254
Subordinated notes	597,775	--	--	713,785	713,785
Unfunded loan commitments	16,445	--	--	16,445	16,445
Total liabilities	\$94,018,471	\$ --	\$ --	\$94,049,484	\$94,049,484
Unrecognized financial instruments:					
Commitments to extend credit and letters of credit		\$ --	\$ --	\$(27,863)	\$(27,863)

NOTE 8

Derivative and Hedging Activity

Use of Derivatives

AgriBank maintains an overall interest rate risk management strategy that incorporates the use of derivative products to minimize significant unplanned fluctuations in earnings that are caused by interest rate volatility. AgriBank's goals are to manage interest rate sensitivity by modifying the repricing or maturity characteristics of certain balance sheet assets and liabilities so that movements in interest rates do not adversely affect net interest margin. AgriBank considers the use of derivatives to be a prudent method of managing interest rate sensitivity, as it prevents earnings from being exposed to undue risk posed by changes in interest rates.

AgriBank primarily enters into derivative transactions, particularly interest rate swaps, to lower funding costs, diversify sources of funding, alter interest rate exposures arising from mismatches between assets and liabilities or better manage liquidity. AgriBank uses various derivative instruments as follows:

- Interest rate swaps allow AgriBank to change characteristics of fixed or floating debt issued by swapping to a synthetic fixed or floating rate lower than those available if borrowings were made directly. Under interest rate swap arrangements, AgriBank agrees with other parties to exchange, at specified intervals, payment streams calculated on a specified notional principal amount, with at least one stream based on a specified floating rate index.
- Interest rate options allow AgriBank to manage the impact of changing interest rates on certain assets and liabilities.
- AgriBank also facilitates interest rate swaps to qualified borrowers of the affiliated Associations. These swaps allow qualified borrowers to manage their interest rate risk and lock in a fixed interest rate similar to a fixed rate loan. AgriBank manages the interest rate risk from customer swaps with the execution of offsetting interest rate swap transactions.

AgriBank Derivative Instruments Activity (in notional amount)

(in millions)	Receive- Fixed Swaps	Pay-Fixed and Amortizing Pay-Fixed Swaps	Floating-for- Floating and Amortizing Floating-for- Floating	Other Derivatives	Total
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$1,550	\$1,523	\$2,500	\$35	\$5,608
Additions	766	566	1,400	56	2,788
Maturities/amortization	(200)	--	(800)	--	(1,000)
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$2,116	\$2,089	\$3,100	\$91	\$7,396
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$1,550	\$1,235	\$1,150	\$40	\$3,975
Additions	500	358	1,100	15	1,973
Maturities/amortization	(250)	(200)	(350)	--	(800)
Forward starting becoming effective	--	20	--	(20)	--
Balance at September 30, 2015	\$1,800	\$1,413	\$1,900	\$35	\$5,148

Other derivatives consisted of forward starting swaps and customer derivative products.

By using derivative products, AgriBank exposes itself to credit and market risk. If a counterparty fails to fulfill its performance obligations under a derivative contract, AgriBank's credit risk will equal the fair value gain in a derivative. To minimize the risk of credit losses, for non-customer bilateral derivatives AgriBank deals only with counterparties that have an investment-grade or better credit rating from a rating agency and monitors

the credit standing and levels of exposure to individual counterparties. At September 30, 2016 AgriBank does not anticipate nonperformance by any of these counterparties. AgriBank typically enters into master agreements that contain netting provisions. All derivative contracts are supported by bilateral collateral agreements with counterparties. As of September 30, 2016, certain derivatives were in a negative fair value position, requiring AgriBank to post cash collateral of \$39.4 million to counterparties.

AgriBank may also clear derivative transactions through a futures commission merchant (FCM) with a clearinghouse or a central counterparty (CCP). CCPs have several layers of protection against default including margin, member capital contributions and FCM guarantees of their customers' transactions with the CCP. FCMs also pre-qualify the credit worthiness of counterparties to all swaps that are sent to the CCP, set limits for each counterparty and collect initial and variation margin daily from each counterparty for changes in the value of cleared derivatives. At September 30, 2016, initial margin pledged to counterparties was \$25.3 million and variation margin pledged to counterparties was \$66.6 million, compared to initial margin pledged to counterparties of \$17.8 million and variation margin pledged to counterparties of \$14.3 million as of December 31, 2015.

AgriBank's derivative activities are monitored by its Asset-Liability Committee (ALCO) as part of the Committee's oversight of AgriBank's asset/liability and treasury functions. The hedging strategies are developed within limits established by the AgriBank Board of Directors through analysis of data derived from financial simulation models and other internal and industry sources. The resulting hedging strategies are then incorporated into overall interest rate risk-management strategies. Refer to Note 15 of the 2015 Annual Report for additional information regarding counterparty risk and AgriBank's risk mitigation practices.

One affiliated Association is party to derivative financial instruments called to-be-announced (TBAs) securities to manage exposure to interest rate risk and changes in the fair value of forward loans held for sale and the interest rate lock commitments that are determined prior to funding. TBAs are measured in terms of notional amounts. The notional amount is not exchanged and is used as a basis on which interest payments are determined. The margin pledged to the counterparty was \$2.0 million as of September 30, 2016 and \$1.3 million as of December 31, 2015.

Financial Statement Impact of Derivatives

Refer to Notes 2 and 15 of the 2015 Annual Report for additional information regarding the accounting for derivatives.

The following tables present the gross fair value, offsetting and net exposure amounts of derivative assets and derivative liabilities. The fair value of derivative contracts are presented as “Derivative assets” and “Derivative liabilities” on the Combined Statements of Condition, and are presented net for counterparties with master netting agreements.

(in thousands)	September 30, 2016		December 31, 2015	
	Fair Value Assets	Fair Value Liabilities	Fair Value Assets	Fair Value Liabilities
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:				
Receive-fixed swaps	\$7,362	\$707	\$13,480	\$649
Pay-fixed and amortizing pay-fixed swaps	--	155,979	3,380	64,587
Floating-for-floating and amortizing floating-for-floating swaps	--	6,191	151	3,368
Total derivatives designated as hedging instruments	7,362	162,877	17,011	68,604
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:				
Pay-fixed and amortizing pay-fixed swaps	292	1,075	40	305
Other derivative products	1,632	481	562	32
Total derivatives not designated as hedging instruments	1,924	1,556	602	337
Credit valuation adjustments	175	--	71	--
Total gross amounts of derivatives	\$9,461	\$164,433	\$17,684	\$68,941
Gross amounts offset in Combined Statements of Condition	(7,654)	(7,654)	(16,907)	(16,907)
Net amounts in Combined Statements of Condition	\$1,807	\$156,779	\$777	\$52,034

(in thousands)	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Derivative assets, net	\$1,807	\$777
Derivative liabilities, net	(156,779)	(52,034)
Accrued interest (payable) receivable on derivatives, net	(5,312)	2,426
Gross amounts not offset in Combined Statements of Condition:		
Cash collateral pledged to counterparties	133,351	33,323
Net exposure amounts	\$(26,933)	\$(15,508)

The fair value of derivatives includes credit valuation adjustments (CVA). The CVA reflects credit risk of each derivative counterparty to which AgriBank has exposure, net of any collateral posted by the counterparty, and an adjustment for AgriBank’s credit worthiness where the counterparty has exposure to AgriBank. The change in the CVA for the period is included in “Miscellaneous income and other gains, net” on the Combined Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Fair-Value Hedges: AgriBank recorded \$950 thousand of losses related to swaps for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to \$93 thousand of gains for the same period in 2015. The gains and losses on the derivative instruments are recognized in “Interest expense” on the Combined Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Cash Flow Hedges: The following table presents the amount of other comprehensive income (OCI) recognized on derivatives, the amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) into earnings on effective cash flow hedges and amount excluded from effectiveness testing. These net losses reclassified into earnings are expected to reduce net interest income related to the respective hedged items.

(in thousands)	Amount of Loss Recognized in OCI on Derivatives (Effective Portion)	Amount of Loss Reclassified from AOCI into Income (Effective Portion)	Amount of Loss Recognized in Income on Derivatives and Amount Excluded from Effectiveness Testing (Ineffective Portion)
For the nine months ended September 30, 2016			
Cash Flow Hedging Relationships			
Pay-fixed and amortizing pay-fixed swaps	\$ (94,773)	\$ --	\$ --
Floating-for-floating and amortizing floating-for-floating swaps	(2,975)	--	(47)
Total	\$ (97,748)	\$ --	\$ (47)

(in thousands)	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in OCI on Derivatives (Effective Portion)	Amount of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI into Income (Effective Portion)	Amount of Gain Recognized in Income on Derivatives and Amount Excluded from Effectiveness Testing (Ineffective Portion)
For the nine months ended September 30, 2015			
Cash Flow Hedging Relationships			
Pay-fixed and amortizing pay-fixed swaps	\$ (26,499)	\$ (27)	\$ 2
Floating-for-floating and amortizing floating-for-floating swaps	1,404	--	(1)
Other derivative products	(105)	(36)	--
Total	\$ (25,200)	\$ (63)	\$ 1

Derivatives not Designated as Hedges: For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, AgriBank and one affiliated Association recorded \$2.2 million of net losses related to swaps and TBAs. This was compared to \$1.3 million of net losses for the same period in 2015. The gains and losses on the derivative instruments are recognized in "Miscellaneous income and other gains, net" on the Combined Statements of Comprehensive Income.

NOTE 9

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

Changes in Components of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

(in thousands)	Not-other-than- temporarily-impaired Investments	Other-than- temporarily-impaired Investments	Derivatives and Hedging Activity	Employee Benefit Plans Activity	Total
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 4,687	\$ 15,191	\$ (64,861)	\$ (504,722)	\$ (549,705)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	10,911	(236)	(25,200)	--	(14,525)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	1,188	(1,940)	63	31,526	30,837
Net other comprehensive income (loss)	12,099	(2,176)	(25,137)	31,526	16,312
Balance at September 30, 2015	\$ 16,786	\$ 13,015	\$ (89,998)	\$ (473,196)	\$ (533,393)
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ (31,002)	\$ 10,561	\$ (64,424)	\$ (531,234)	\$ (616,099)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	38,138	(2)	(97,748)	--	(59,612)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	(25)	(10,559)	--	28,563	17,979
Net other comprehensive income (loss)	38,113	(10,561)	(97,748)	28,563	(41,633)
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$ 7,111	\$ --	\$ (162,172)	\$ (502,671)	\$ (657,732)

Reclassifications Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

(in thousands)

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Components	Amount Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income		Affected Line Item in the Combined Statements of Comprehensive Income
	2016	2015	
For the nine months ended September 30,			
Not-other-than-temporarily-impaired investments:			
Impairment losses	\$ --	\$73	Net impairment losses recognized in earnings
Realized (gain) loss on sale of investment securities, net	(25)	1,115	Miscellaneous income and other gains, net
	(25)	1,188	
Other-than-temporarily-impaired investments:			
Impairment losses	--	620	Net impairment losses recognized in earnings
Realized gain on sale of investment securities	(10,559)	(2,560)	Miscellaneous income and other gains, net
	(10,559)	(1,940)	
Derivatives and hedging activity:			
Interest rate contracts	--	63	Interest expense
Employee benefit plans activity:			
Prior service cost	(1,172)	(1,294)	Salaries and employee benefits
Actuarial loss	29,735	32,820	Salaries and employee benefits
	28,563	31,526	
Total reclassifications	\$17,979	\$30,837	

NOTE 10

AgriBank Only Financial Data

Statements of Condition

(in thousands)	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Net loans	\$85,017,814	\$82,801,576
Other assets	16,957,870	16,705,258
Total assets	\$101,975,684	\$99,506,834
Total liabilities	96,625,255	94,332,718
Total shareholders' equity	5,350,429	5,174,116
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$101,975,684	\$99,506,834

Statements of Income

(in thousands)	For the nine months ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Interest income	\$1,314,158	\$1,113,089
Interest expense	888,453	726,980
Net interest income	425,705	386,109
Provision for loan losses	5,500	5,000
Other expense, net	(14,727)	(18,324)
Net income	\$405,478	\$362,785
Patronage	\$221,419	\$210,204
Preferred stock dividends	12,891	12,891

Substantially all patronage is paid to affiliated Associations and is eliminated in combination.

NOTE 11

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 9, 2016, which is the date the Combined Financial Statements were available to be issued. Other than the complaint discussed in Note 6, there have been no material subsequent events that would require recognition in the Combined Financial Statements or disclosure in the Notes to those Combined Financial Statements.



AgriBank 
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