

AGRIBANK DISTRICT 2021 FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Unaudited
JUNE 30, 2021
AGRIBANK, FCB AND DISTRICT ASSOCIATIONS

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AgriBank District Financial Information
AgriBank, FCB and District Associations
unaudited

INTRODUCTION AND DISTRICT OVERVIEW

AgriBank, FCB (“AgriBank” or “the Bank”) and District Associations (“Associations”) are part of the Farm Credit System (System or Farm Credit), a federally chartered network of borrower-owned lending institutions composed of cooperatives and related service organizations. The System provides loans, leases and financial services to farmers, ranchers and rural businesses across the United States and Puerto Rico. This focus on rural communities and agriculture is the reason Farm Credit was established in 1916, and the System has been delivering on that mission ever since – helping fund America's food, fuel and fiber and supporting the rural communities America's farmers and ranchers call home.

Farm Credit's funds are raised by the Federal Farm Credit Banks Funding Corporation (the Funding Corporation) and insured by the Farm Credit System Insurance Corporation (FCSIC, or the Insurance Corporation). The Funding Corporation issues a variety of Federal Farm Credit Banks Combined Systemwide Debt Securities with broad ranges of maturities and structures on behalf of the four System Banks. Each System Bank has exposure to Systemwide credit risk, because each Bank is joint and severally liable for all Systemwide debt issued. Farm Credit Associations receive funding through one of the System Banks. System entities have specific lending authorities within their chartered territories and are subject to examination and regulation by an independent federal agency, the Farm Credit Administration (FCA).

AgriBank is primarily owned by 14 local Farm Credit Associations, which provide financial products and services to rural communities and agriculture. AgriBank obtains funds and provides funding and financial solutions to those Associations. AgriBank and the 14 Associations are collectively referred to as the District. The AgriBank District covers a 15-state area stretching from Wyoming to Ohio and Minnesota to Arkansas.

The following commentary reviews the combined financial condition and results of operations of AgriBank and District Associations and provides additional specific information.

COVID-19 Pandemic

As domestic public health measures have been implemented to limit the spread of the coronavirus, including the availability of vaccines, many or all restrictions have been lifted across the U.S. While the emergence of COVID-19 variants may negatively impact economic conditions, the overall economy continues to recover, and the outlook is positive for many sectors, including agriculture.

The U.S. government instituted numerous programs in support of the COVID-19 pandemic economic recovery during both 2020 and 2021. This support has included direct payments to individuals, bolstering unemployment programs, creation of the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP), and support to specific industries, including agriculture. The majority of the funds appropriated under these programs have been in support of the broader economy, with agriculture receiving a small proportion of the overall support granted under these programs.

The PPP is a guaranteed loan program administered by the U.S. Small Business Administration (SBA) with the purpose of supporting payroll and certain other financial needs of small business, including producers of agricultural products. Loans made under the PPP are guaranteed by the SBA and provide for forgiveness if the loan proceeds are used in accordance with the terms of the program. Numerous District Associations obtained approval from the SBA to participate as lenders in the PPP and have originated PPP loans to qualifying borrowers.

The challenging agriculture environment in recent years had eroded working capital for some producers, which for certain sectors was exacerbated by the pandemic. However, the outlook for agriculture improved remarkably in the second half of 2020 and has continued into the first half of 2021. Strong forecasted net farm income is driven by ad-hoc government payments and commodity price increases in certain sectors, primarily crops. Farm sector working capital has improved as a result of strong net farm income in 2020. Refer to the AgriBank 2020 Annual Report and AgriBank 2021 Second Quarter Report for additional information regarding agricultural conditions.

While AgriBank and District Associations have continued uninterrupted operations during the pandemic with certain locations utilizing remote work environments, employees are beginning to return to their respective offices, in varying capacities, based on state and local requirements as well as the facts and circumstances of each office. To date, the transition to and from alternative work environments has occurred without significant issues.

AgriBank continues to support District Associations as they work with farmer-borrowers to offer appropriate solutions to meet their liquidity needs, and fulfilling the Farm Credit mission.

Combined Financial Highlights
AgriBank, FCB and District Associations

(dollars in thousands)

	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Total loans	\$131,219,643	\$127,525,576
Allowance for loan losses	463,280	511,139
Net loans	130,756,363	127,014,437
Total assets	154,901,655	151,141,745
Total shareholders' equity	26,801,426	25,802,440
For the six months ended June 30,	2021	2020
Net interest income	\$1,757,660	\$1,703,333
(Reversal of) provision for credit losses	(46,882)	59,182
Net fee income	66,810	73,122
Net income	1,221,123	1,146,186
Net interest margin	2.4 %	2.5 %
Return on average assets	1.6 %	1.7 %
Return on average shareholders' equity	9.3 %	9.2 %
Operating and other expenses as a percentage of net interest income and non-interest income	37.8 %	35.1 %
Net loan chargeoffs as a percentage of average loans	0.00 %	(0.04)%
Average loans	\$128,990,908	\$117,279,470
Average earning assets	150,017,138	136,361,836
Average assets	152,488,395	138,747,490

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Results of Operations

Net income was \$1.2 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2021, an increase of \$74.9 million, or 6.5 percent, compared to the same period of the prior year. Net interest income remained strong and increased due to growth in loan volume across the District. While some uncertainty remains, agriculture continues to fair well in the current environment, resulting in reversals of provision for credit losses in the current year, which significantly contributed to the increased income compared to the same period last year. These increases were partially offset by increased non-interest expense, mainly due to FCSIC insurance premium increases compared to the prior year.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income increased \$54.3 million, or 3.2 percent, compared to the same period of the prior year, primarily driven by higher loan volume across the District. Net interest margin was 2.4 percent for the six months ended June 30, 2021, a

decrease compared to the same period of the prior year, resulting from a stable interest rate spread and a decline in the impact of equity financing. The benefit of equity financing is reduced in a lower interest rate environment.

(Reversal of) Provision for Credit Losses

A reversal of credit losses of \$46.9 million was recognized during the six months ended June 30, 2021. Any reserves for unfunded commitments and letters of credit are recorded in “Other liabilities” on the Combined Balance Sheets.

During 2020 and continuing through 2021, the outlook for agriculture has improved significantly. Commodity price increases in certain sectors, primarily crops, and ad-hoc government payments have improved net farm income and bolstered working capital positions for many producers. The allowance analyses performed at District Associations generally reflect the improved outlook for large portions of the respective portfolios. The year-over-year fluctuations for the District’s provision for credit losses will be impacted by each institution’s relative exposure to agricultural sectors and the economic conditions in individual agricultural sectors.

Diminished government support could negatively impact the broader economy, as well as certain agriculture sectors. Additionally, shifting global trade patterns and disruptive weather both domestically and internationally could create volatility and stress in the agriculture sector, and uncertainty remains in light of the pandemic. Each of these factors could translate into declines in credit quality, which may impact provision for credit losses across the District.

Non-interest Income

Non-interest income decreased compared to the same period in the prior year. During the six months ended June 30, 2020, Allocated Insurance Reserve Accounts (AIRA) distributions were received from FCSIC. The AIRAs were established by FCSIC when premiums collected increased the level of the insurance fund beyond the required secure base amount of 2 percent of insured debt. The AIRA distributions are not expected to be a recurring income item. The decrease from an absence of AIRA payments was somewhat offset by gains recognized on Rural Business Investment Company investments.

Non-interest Expense

Non-interest expense increased, primarily due to higher FCSIC expense as the premium assessment rate increased substantially from the prior year.

Loan Portfolio

District Loans by Loan Type

(in thousands)	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Real estate mortgage	\$73,886,804	\$70,247,053
Production and intermediate-term	28,039,984	28,934,855
Agribusiness:		
Loans to cooperatives	1,620,475	1,550,794
Processing and marketing	14,962,971	14,770,664
Farm-related businesses	1,679,275	1,612,022
Rural infrastructure:		
Power	1,628,338	1,400,110
Communications	2,708,390	2,587,392
Water/Wastewater	238,616	234,874
Rural residential real estate	2,692,927	2,600,041
Agricultural export finance	487,014	384,186
Lease receivables	215,253	199,426
Loans to other financing institutions	653,792	610,952
Mission related investments	2,405,804	2,393,207
Total	\$131,219,643	\$127,525,576

District loans increased \$3.7 billion, or 2.9 percent, from December 31, 2020. The increase in total loans was primarily due to real estate mortgage volume, which was driven by targeted loan programs, as well as a low interest rate environment, which has stimulated demand for new loans. The growth in the agribusiness sector was primarily driven by growth from borrowers, resulting from higher costs requiring more funding and certain grain elevators as a result of increases in commodity prices. Conversely, increased commodity prices caused paydowns and payoffs within certain capital markets portfolios.

The loan portfolio exhibits some seasonality relating to the patterns of operating loans made to crop producers. Operating loans are normally at their lowest levels following the harvest and then increase in the spring and throughout the rest of the year as borrowers fund operating needs. However, strong net farm income, including elevated levels of ad-hoc government support payments have improved farm sector liquidity, resulting in lower utilization of operating lines in 2021 compared to prior years. The degree of seasonality exhibited by the loan portfolio is diminished primarily due to growth in real estate mortgage, agribusiness and part-time farmer sectors. PPP loan originations during the six months ended June 30, 2021 partially offset the decreases in the production and intermediate-term category.

Loan Quality

The primary credit quality indicator utilized by the Bank and Associations is the FCA Uniform Loan Classification System, which categorizes loans into five categories. The categories are defined as follows:

- Acceptable – assets are expected to be fully collectible and represent the highest quality.
- Other assets especially mentioned (Special Mention) – assets are currently collectible but exhibit some potential weakness.
- Substandard – assets exhibit some serious weakness in repayment capacity, equity, and/or collateral pledged on the loan.
- Doubtful – assets exhibit similar weaknesses to substandard assets; however, doubtful assets have additional weaknesses in existing factors, conditions and values that make collection in full highly questionable.
- Loss – assets are considered uncollectible.

The following table shows loans and related accrued interest classified under the Uniform Loan Classification System as a percentage of total loans and related accrued interest receivable.

District Loan Quality

	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Acceptable	93.8 %	92.2 %
Special Mention	3.3 %	4.3 %
Substandard/Doubtful	2.9 %	3.5 %
Total	100.0 %	100.0 %

Overall credit quality continues to improve due to disciplined origination standards, improvement in net farm income and farm sector working capital in the last half of 2020 and continuing into 2021, driven by increases in commodity prices in certain sectors and ad-hoc government payments, as well as demand for new loans in the current low interest rate environment. Substandard/Doubtful loans, collectively called adverse loans, are loans AgriBank and District Associations have identified as showing some credit weakness outside the credit standards. No loans were categorized as loss as of June 30, 2021 or December 31, 2020.

Nonperforming Assets

(in thousands)	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Nonaccrual Loans:		
Real estate mortgage	\$380,012	\$441,529
Production and intermediate-term	180,618	206,185
Agribusiness	36,389	17,042
Rural infrastructure	6,286	—
Rural residential real estate	18,985	22,178
Other	1,787	1,372
Total nonaccrual loans	\$624,077	\$688,306
Accruing Restructured Loans:		
Real estate mortgage	\$51,485	\$52,435
Production and intermediate-term	15,805	16,500
Agribusiness	1,748	1,832
Rural residential real estate	1,810	1,650
Total accruing restructured loans	\$70,848	\$72,417
Accruing Loans 90 Days or More Past Due:		
Real estate mortgage	\$9,142	\$4,600
Production and intermediate-term	16,781	3,461
Rural residential real estate	85	86
Other	84,287	45,629
Total accruing loans 90 days or more past due	\$110,295	\$53,776
Total nonperforming loans	\$805,220	\$814,499
Other property owned	12,696	17,071
Total nonperforming assets	\$817,916	\$831,570

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

The Other category is composed of certain assets originated under the Mission Related Investment authority and finance leases.

Overall, nonperforming assets have remained relatively stable due to improved net farm income and working capital in certain sectors of agriculture.

Nonaccrual loans decreased primarily due to loans being reinstated to accrual status during the six months ended June 30, 2021.

Offsetting this decrease, accruing loans 90 days or more past due increased primarily in the mission related loan category concentrated at one Association, which the loans are generally guaranteed by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). This Association has been working with borrowers, lead lenders and the USDA to facilitate favorable outcomes with these delinquent loans. Certain borrowers have received deferrals; however, other borrowers have exhausted deferrals, and the Association is in process of making claims on guarantees. While past-due volume is expected to be periodically elevated over the next several months, there are minimal expected losses because of the guarantees.

Additionally, crop input loans within the production and intermediate-term category became over 90 days or more past due, which is typical for this portfolio, as many of these loans mature near the beginning of the year. A portion of the increase was offset by a quarter-over-quarter decrease from two large accounts that are no longer past due.

Aging Analysis of Loans

(in thousands)					
As of June 30, 2021	30-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Not Past Due or Less Than 30 Days Past Due	Total
Real estate mortgage	\$132,373	\$104,731	\$237,104	\$74,361,772	\$74,598,876
Production and intermediate-term	100,206	89,784	189,990	28,127,930	28,317,920
Agribusiness	29,357	1,089	30,446	18,297,111	18,327,557
Rural infrastructure	—	—	—	4,582,520	4,582,520
Rural residential real estate	9,302	4,226	13,528	2,690,083	2,703,611
Other	101,204	85,469	186,673	3,602,554	3,789,227
Total	\$372,442	\$285,299	\$657,741	\$131,661,970	\$132,319,711

As of December 31, 2020	30-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Not Past Due or Less Than 30 Days Past Due	Total
Real estate mortgage	\$131,104	\$121,211	\$252,315	\$70,759,463	\$71,011,778
Production and intermediate-term	111,129	92,167	203,296	29,090,056	29,293,352
Agribusiness	2,007	9,095	11,102	17,985,698	17,996,800
Rural infrastructure	—	—	—	4,227,467	4,227,467
Rural residential real estate	10,037	5,832	15,869	2,597,320	2,613,189
Other	132,205	46,765	178,970	3,437,105	3,616,075
Total	\$386,482	\$275,070	\$661,552	\$128,097,109	\$128,758,661

Note: Accruing loans include accrued interest receivable.

The Other category is composed of certain assets originated under the Mission Related Investment authority, loans to other financing institutions, agricultural export finance and finance leases.

Overall, delinquencies at June 30, 2021 were consistent compared to the year ended 2020. Delinquencies tend to exhibit some seasonality as many loans within the portfolio, particularly in the production and intermediate-term sector, mature or have annual payments due during the first quarter of the year.

Changes in Allowance for Loan Losses and Year End Recorded Investments by Loan Type

(in thousands)	Real Estate Mortgage	Production and Intermediate- Term	Agribusiness	Rural Infrastructure	Rural Residential Real Estate	Other	Total
Allowance for loan losses:							
As of December 31, 2020	\$251,097	\$169,467	\$71,726	\$9,188	\$5,953	\$3,708	\$511,139
(Reversal of) provision for credit losses	(36,361)	(27,894)	16,237	1,369	(556)	323	(46,882)
Loan recoveries	783	5,182	2,423	—	236	—	8,624
Loan charge-offs	(2,186)	(8,653)	(7)	—	(264)	—	(11,110)
Reclassification from (to) reserve for unfunded commitments*	—	1,509	—	—	—	—	1,509
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$213,333	\$139,611	\$90,379	\$10,557	\$5,369	\$4,031	\$463,280
As of June 30, 2021							
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	21,173	24,987	9,879	1,676	307	531	58,553
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	192,160	114,624	80,500	8,881	5,062	3,500	404,727
Recorded investment in loans outstanding:							
Ending balance as of June 30, 2021	\$74,598,876	\$28,317,920	\$18,327,557	\$4,582,520	\$2,703,611	\$3,789,227	\$132,319,711
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	440,639	213,204	38,137	6,286	20,880	86,074	805,220
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	74,158,237	28,104,716	18,289,420	4,576,234	2,682,731	3,703,153	131,514,491

(in thousands)	Real Estate Mortgage	Production and Intermediate- Term	Agribusiness	Rural Infrastructure	Rural Residential Real Estate	Other	Total
Allowance for loan losses:							
As of December 31, 2019	\$229,972	\$173,711	\$88,143	\$18,091	\$6,598	\$3,150	\$519,665
Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	22,796	28,090	4,182	2,882	(55)	1,287	59,182
Loan recoveries	1,000	5,709	421	—	184	—	7,314
Loan charge-offs	(6,177)	(22,392)	(137)	—	(211)	—	(28,917)
Reclassification from (to) reserve for unfunded commitments*	—	(5,401)	—	—	—	—	(5,401)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$247,591	\$179,717	\$92,609	\$20,973	\$6,516	\$4,437	\$551,843
As of December 31, 2020							
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	25,052	31,479	3,583	—	245	383	60,742
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	226,045	137,988	68,144	9,188	5,708	3,324	450,397
Recorded investment in loans outstanding:							
Ending balance as of December 31, 2020	\$71,011,778	\$29,293,352	\$17,996,800	\$4,227,467	\$2,613,189	\$3,616,075	\$128,758,661
Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment	498,564	226,146	18,874	—	23,914	47,001	814,499
Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	70,513,214	29,067,206	17,977,926	4,227,467	2,589,275	3,569,074	127,944,162

*Represents reclassifications between the allowance for loan losses and the reserve for unfunded commitments as a result of advances on or repayments of seasonal lines of credit or other loans.

Investments

AgriBank is responsible for meeting the District's funding, liquidity and asset/liability management needs. While access to the unsecured debt capital markets remains the District's primary source of liquidity, the Bank also maintains a secondary source of liquidity through a high-quality investment portfolio and other short-term liquid assets.

The Bank typically holds high-quality investments and other short-term liquid assets on an available-for-sale basis. Refer to the AgriBank 2020 Annual Report for additional information about the Bank's investment portfolio. District Associations have regulatory authority to enter into certain guaranteed investments, typically mortgage-backed or asset-backed securities, and are primarily held to maturity. Refer to individual District Associations' 2020 annual reports for specific information about the investments at the District Associations. Investment securities held by AgriBank and District Associations are primarily debt securities that decrease in value as interest rates rise. During the first half of 2021, rates have risen to a small degree, which has reduced unrealized gains and increased unrealized losses in the investment portfolios.

Investment Information				
(in thousands)	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
As of June 30, 2021	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
AgriBank investments	\$18,226,646	\$66,740	\$34,892	\$18,258,494
District Association investments	1,955,716	40,763	16,091	1,980,388
Total District investments	\$20,182,362	\$107,503	\$50,983	\$20,238,882
(in thousands)	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
As of December 31, 2020	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
AgriBank investments	\$18,494,545	\$96,378	\$5,594	\$18,585,329
District Association investments	1,682,457	54,861	6,865	1,730,453
Total District investments	\$20,177,002	\$151,239	\$12,459	\$20,315,782

District Capital

AgriBank and District Associations believe a sound capital position is critical to long-term financial stability. AgriBank and District Associations maintain adequate capital to protect against unanticipated losses as well as to meet the District's growth needs. Total shareholders' equity increased \$999.0 million, primarily resulting from net income for the six months ended June 30, 2021, partially offset by patronage accruals. Additionally, shareholders' equity increased as a result of \$100 million preferred stock issuance by Compeer Financial.

In May 2021, Compeer issued \$100 million of Series B-1 non-cumulative perpetual preferred stock, representing 100,000 shares at \$1,000 per share par value. Compeer used the net proceeds from the Series B-1 preferred stock issuance for general corporate purposes, including to pay down a portion of their outstanding note payable to AgriBank, which is eliminated in District combination. Dividends on the Series B-1 preferred stock, if declared by Compeer's board of directors in its sole discretion, are non-cumulative and are payable quarterly in arrears.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

(in thousands)	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Investment securities activity	\$31,848	\$90,784
Derivatives and hedging activity	(147,595)	(201,629)
Employee benefit plans activity	(466,269)	(491,052)
Total accumulated other comprehensive loss	<u><u>\$(582,016)</u></u>	<u><u>\$(601,897)</u></u>

The decrease in accumulated other comprehensive loss as of June 30, 2021 compared to the year ended December 31, 2020 relates to derivatives and hedging activity as a result of rising interest rates during the first half of 2021, positively impacting AgriBank's pay fixed swap portfolio designated as cash flow hedges. This was offset by declining unrealized gains on available-for-sale investment securities affected by increasing interest rates during the first half of 2021.

The Farm Credit Administration sets minimum regulatory capital requirements for Banks and Associations.

Regulatory Capital Requirements and Ratios

As of June 30, 2021	Primary Components of Numerator	Regulatory Minimums	Minimum with Buffer	Bank	District Associations
Risk adjusted:					
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio (CET1)	Unallocated retained earnings (URE), common cooperative equities (qualifying capital stock and allocated equity) ⁽¹⁾	4.5 %	7.0 %	16.6 %	13.7 % - 28.8 %
Tier 1 capital ratio	CET1 capital, non-cumulative perpetual preferred stock	6.0 %	8.5 %	17.3 %	14.3 % - 28.8 %
Total capital ratio	Tier 1 capital, allowance for loan losses ⁽²⁾ , common cooperative equities ⁽³⁾ and term preferred stock and subordinated debt ⁽⁴⁾	8.0 %	10.5 %	17.4 %	15.1 % - 29.0 %
Permanent capital ratio	Retained earnings, common stock, non-cumulative perpetual preferred stock and subordinated debt, subject to certain limits	7.0 %	7.0 %	17.3 %	14.9 % - 30.2 %
Non-risk adjusted:					
Tier 1 leverage ratio	Tier 1 capital	4.0 %	5.0 %	5.2 %	14.3 % - 23.5 %
UREE leverage ratio	URE and URE Equivalents	1.5 %	1.5 %	2.4 %	14.2 % - 24.5 %

⁽¹⁾ Equities outstanding 7 or more years

⁽²⁾ Capped at 1.25% of risk-adjusted assets

⁽³⁾ Outstanding 5 or more years, but less than 7 years

⁽⁴⁾ Outstanding 5 or more years

Employee Benefit Plans

Effective March 2021, a change in accounting policy was elected to use the fair value method for calculating the market related value of assets for the fixed-income pension assets. This change in accounting principle did not have a material impact on the combined financial position or results of operations of the AgriBank District.

Other Matters

In May 2021, Compeer issued \$150.0 million of aggregate principal amount of unsecured subordinated notes due on June 1, 2036, with an option to redeem all or some of the notes, at any time after a date 10 years from the closing date. The notes bear a fixed-to-floating interest rate of 3.375 percent per annum through May 31, 2031. Concurrently, Compeer issued \$50.0 million of aggregate principal amount of unsecured subordinated notes due on June 1, 2031, with an option to redeem all or some of the notes, at any time after a date five years from the closing date. The notes bear a fixed-to-floating interest rate of

2.75 percent per annum through May 31, 2026. These notes are unsecured and subordinate to all other categories of creditors, including general creditors, and senior to all classes of stock. Proceeds have increased Compeer's regulatory permanent capital and total capital ratios and position them for the future. The subordinated notes are not System-wide debt and are not an obligation of, nor guaranteed by any System entity. Payments on the subordinated notes are not insured by the Farm Credit Insurance Fund.

AgriBank's approval is required for significant structure changes at District Associations including, but not limited to: merger, acquisition, liquidation, or reaffiliation to another Farm Credit District.

Under a memorandum of understanding, the boards of directors of AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA (AgCountry) and Farm Credit Services of North Dakota, ACA (North Dakota) made a strategic decision to pursue a merger of the two organizations. The consolidated Association would be named AgCountry Farm Credit Services, ACA and would be headquartered in Fargo, N.D. In July 2021, at a joint meeting of the boards of directors, the boards unanimously approved a resolution in favor of merging the two Associations. If related approvals are provided from both Farm Credit Administration (FCA) and AgriBank, customer-owners will vote on the merger in late 2021. If approved, the merger will be effective no earlier than January 1, 2022.

On July 1, 2021, Delta's board of directors approved a preliminary resolution to proceed with a plan to voluntarily liquidate and dissolve the Association (the Plan). The board of directors has determined that it is in the best interests of Delta to wind up its affairs and voluntarily dissolve. In order for liquidation and dissolution to occur, the Plan must be approved by the FCA, AgriBank, and a majority of the Association's voting stockholders voting, in person or by written proxy, at a duly authorized stockholders meeting. Delta has commenced activities associated with obtaining such approvals over the upcoming months; however, the ultimate timing is uncertain and subject to multiple considerations.

Effective May 5, 2021, Steve Jensen, President and CEO of SunStream resigned to pursue a career opportunity as the Global Chief Information Security Officer for a large financial services firm. Cole Orndorff, former Vice President of Technology Delivery, was named interim CEO.

Select Information on AgriBank District Associations

(in thousands)

As of June 30, 2021	Wholesale Loan Amount	% of Wholesale Portfolio	Total Assets	Total Allowance and Capital	Total Regulatory Capital Ratio	Nonperforming ⁽¹⁾ as a % of Total Loans	Return on Assets
Farm Credit Services of America	\$27,601,865	27.7%	\$34,437,438	\$6,663,651	16.1%	0.5%	2.1%
Farm Credit Mid-America	21,502,428	21.6%	27,036,808	5,304,217	18.8%	1.0%	1.6%
Compeer Financial ⁽²⁾	20,549,485	20.6%	25,527,966	4,393,781	15.1%	0.7%	2.1%
GreenStone Farm Credit Services	8,783,957	8.8%	10,951,540	2,097,206	16.5%	0.6%	2.4%
AgCountry Farm Credit Services ⁽²⁾	6,933,003	6.9%	8,976,308	1,974,713	17.9%	0.2%	1.9%
FCS Financial	4,189,300	4.2%	5,253,345	1,026,436	17.1%	0.2%	2.0%
Farm Credit Illinois	3,526,446	3.5%	4,664,650	1,115,992	19.8%	0.2%	2.0%
AgHeritage Farm Credit Services	1,555,445	1.6%	1,939,679	380,030	17.0%	0.5%	2.1%
Farm Credit Services of Western Arkansas	1,335,275	1.3%	1,693,874	337,998	18.4%	0.6%	1.9%
Farm Credit Services of Mandan	1,085,361	1.1%	1,409,423	316,081	18.0%	0.3%	2.3%
Farm Credit Services of North Dakota	1,056,533	1.1%	1,424,214	359,408	21.1%	0.3%	2.2%
Farm Credit Midsouth	940,900	0.9%	1,197,129	250,210	18.9%	0.8%	1.5%
Farm Credit Southeast Missouri	681,155	0.7%	867,733	179,966	19.9%	0.2%	2.3%
Delta Agricultural Credit Association	34,094	0.0%	45,556	10,112	29.0%	0.6%	(0.2)%
Total	<u>\$99,775,247</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$125,425,663</u>	<u>\$24,409,801</u>			

⁽¹⁾ Nonperforming loans are comprised of nonaccrual loans, accruing restructured loans and accruing loans 90 days or more past due.

⁽²⁾ Loan amounts do not include fair value adjustments due to merger.

Combined Balance Sheets
AgriBank, FCB and District Associations

(unaudited)

(in thousands)

	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Assets		
Cash	\$1,546,339	\$693,784
Federal funds and securities purchased under resale agreements	—	639,700
Investments	20,214,210	20,267,786
Loans	131,219,643	127,525,576
Allowance for loan losses	463,280	511,139
Net loans	130,756,363	127,014,437
Accrued interest receivable	1,143,044	1,276,783
Premises and equipment, net	667,645	672,210
Other assets	574,054	577,045
Total assets	\$154,901,655	\$151,141,745
Liabilities		
Bonds and notes	\$124,304,136	\$121,499,542
Subordinated notes	200,000	—
Member investment bonds	1,984,591	1,530,022
Accrued interest payable	252,015	273,685
Patronage distribution payable	484,483	1,034,558
Other liabilities	875,004	1,001,498
Total liabilities	128,100,229	125,339,305
Shareholders' equity		
Preferred stock	450,000	350,000
Capital stock and participation certificates	350,654	344,536
Capital stock and participation certificates receivable	(116,599)	(113,357)
Additional paid-in capital	2,084,988	2,084,988
Allocated retained earnings	321,587	322,664
Unallocated retained earnings	24,196,987	23,326,757
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(582,016)	(601,897)
Noncontrolling interest	95,825	88,749
Total shareholders' equity	26,801,426	25,802,440
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$154,901,655	\$151,141,745

Combined Statements of Income
AgriBank, FCB and District Associations

(unaudited)
(in thousands)

	Three months		Six months	
For the periods ended June 30,	2021	2020	2021	2020
Interest Income				
Loans	\$1,145,465	\$1,180,024	\$2,278,343	\$2,473,717
Investment securities and other earning assets	37,506	67,377	77,695	161,735
Total interest income	1,182,971	1,247,401	2,356,038	2,635,452
Interest Expense	297,537	396,644	598,378	932,119
Net interest income	885,434	850,757	1,757,660	1,703,333
(Reversal of) provision for credit losses	(26,743)	48,844	(46,882)	59,182
Net interest income after (reversal of) provision for credit losses	912,177	801,913	1,804,542	1,644,151
Non-interest income				
Net fee income	32,033	52,704	66,810	73,122
Financially related services income	26,096	22,758	53,984	49,668
Net gains on sales of investments and other assets	713	2,070	1,367	2,321
Mineral income	13,647	6,292	24,608	19,722
Allocated Insurance Reserve Accounts	—	—	—	24,188
Other income	4,410	1,990	26,114	7,246
Total non-interest income	76,899	85,814	172,883	176,267
Non-interest expense				
Salaries and employee benefits	207,818	196,761	402,187	394,161
Occupancy and equipment	37,942	34,688	72,742	66,918
Purchased services	27,387	21,751	49,173	42,332
Farm Credit System Insurance Corporation expense	44,251	20,910	87,723	40,709
Other expense	65,033	54,156	118,111	114,780
Total non-interest expense	382,431	328,266	729,936	658,900
Income before income taxes	606,645	559,461	1,247,489	1,161,518
Provision for income taxes	13,646	5,048	26,366	15,332
Net income	\$592,999	\$554,413	\$1,221,123	\$1,146,186

